Spirit of Jefferson.

BENJAMIN F. BEALL,

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR

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VOL. 20.

CHARLESTOWN, VIRGINIA, TUESDAY MARCH 10, 1868.

[From the Pittsburg Leader.]

A Fool and His Money.

Johnny W. Steel, familiarly known

Johnny Steel, and somewhat distinguished

in bankruptey.

His indebtedness, as set forth in his peti-

Steel is a Pennsylvanian by birth, and

now in the neighborhood of thirty-three years

of age: He has had but little education,

has no business qualifications or shrewdness, and seems to be especially out out by Dame

Nature to attest the truth of the proverb that

farm and oil wells, in Venango county, be-queathed him by his father, for a number of

years yielded him an income of of about

3,000 per day. This princely income—few persons posess it—was the means of awaken-

ing in Johnny an ambition to seek other fields and sources of amusement than those

offered in the wilds of Venango. We heard

of him first by his lavish waste of wealth in

Philadelphia. Here he made the acquaint-

ance of Messrs. Skiff & Gaylord, of minstrel-

fame, and one of his first rash purchases was

entire new outfit for the minstrels, composed

of velvet coats and vests and plaid trowsers

(many of our readers will remember the

troupe in this uniform). To these eccentric

costumes he added diamond breast-pins of

the first water, and a new suit of clothes for

each member. Several members of Carn-

cross & Dixey's Minstrels, of Philadelphia,

Another of Johnny's eccentric acts in Phil-

adelphia is related as follows: walking along

Chestnut street one day with a friend, he

espied a beautiful span of horses attached to

a splendid carriage, just turning down from

he would sell his establishment, Sam looked

credulously at his customer, wondering if he

was drunk or crazy, when Johnny again put

the question. "What will you take for the

whole rig?" Sam, with a wink, and while

knocking the ashes from his cigar, doubtless

thinking to frighten his unknown questioner,

replied, "Well, I guess about seven thousand

dollars will take the lot." Johnny answer-

ed by laying seven one thousand dollar bills

on the seat of the vehicle, and taking hold

of the reins, coolly said "hop out," and "hop

out" Sam did, while Johnny drove off, leav-

ing Sam standing in amazement on the cor-

ner. The day was spent in riding about the

city, and spending money lavishly; toward evening he had employed a man to drive, and

finally, while winding up the day, he reach-

ed the Girard House; alighting on the pave-

ment, he asked the driver as to his circum-

stances and learning that he knew the grip

of poverty, "Johnny" made him a present of

not to offer thanks, "but to drive off quick."

tricities of his morning walks on Market or

Walnut street, was to watch for a man with

a shabby hat. He would then follow him

until he got in front of a hat store, and then

with a swoop, he would land the offending

hat in the middle of the street, at the same

hat he could get.

time approaching the wearer, and asking him

"Johnny" never carried any baggage with

as he required it. Having resolved one day

to stop at the Cincinnati Hotel, instead of his

in company with a friend, Mr. Wm. B-y,

a noted merchant of our own city. Saunter-

him as to the whereabouts of his baggage.

"Johnny" replied that he had none.

n advance; that's our rule.'

ing tenor ensued:

sir—the responsible man?'

Mr. K .- " Yes, sir."

Mr. K .- " Well, sir?

in and play clerk."

whole house worth for a day?"

anyhow, and see how it goes."

experience in hotel keeping.

ing up to the office, he made known his de-

"Then," said the clerk, "you must pay

"Johnny" cast a glance at him and won-

dered that he was not known. So, winking

proprietor was in; receiving a reply in the

affirmative, the landlord soon made his ap-

J. S .- "You are the proprietor, I believe,

J. S .- "I wanted to make a short stay

with you, but that gentleman (pointing to

J. S .- " How much do you consider your

Mr. K .- " About three thousand dollars."

J. S .- " I'll take it for twenty-four hours,

Johnny then counted out the money, and,

Rumor says that this was B.'s first and only

There are many anecdotes related about

him, but the above will suffice to show the

general character of the man. When, more

recently, the avalanche of money had ex-

hausted itself, we hear of "Johnny" acting

in the capacity of "door-keeper" for the

same band of minstrels, the members of

which he had given the diamond pins and

HIS GREAT FEAR .- There is now station-

ed not far from Gotham a happy, ruby faced,

fun loving clergyman who had several sons

brimful and running over with wit and mis-

chief-unsanctified chips of the old block.

Among them one we will call Sam is a ring-

"Now, my son, you are getting to be a very bad boy. Why will you not mind your pa-

rents and act more like a man, and not be

getting into all sorts of scrapes?" Sam look-

ing down to the floor, quite serious and de-mure, meekly replied: "Yes'r." The rev-

long face looking almost ready to give way to tears; "I know well enough—it's burglars."

Sam had leave to start for school about that

turning to his friend, says, " Now, Bill, jump

the clerk) says I must pay in advance."

pearance, when a conversation of the follow-

at his friend B., he asked the clerk if the

usual retreat, the Girard, he was driven there

While in Philadelphia, one of the eccen-

the carriage and horses, telling the driver

were also favored in a similar manner.

"a fool and his money are soon parted."

tion, amounts to over \$100,000.

Spicit of Jefferson.

BENJAMIN F. BEALL, Editor.

CHARLESTOWN, VA. Tuesday Morning, March 10, 1848.

A CONTRAST

We present in connection, two speeches delivered in the Richmond Convention, on the 27th ult., whilst the question of suffrage was before that body. The first was made by Mr. MARYE of Fredericksburg, beyond question the ablest man and clearest thinker in the Convention, and the second by Honges, a negro delegate from Petersburg:-

Mr. Marye commenced by stating that he was concious how idle it was to enter upon debate with any hope of affecting the conclusions of the party which controlled the Convention. Indeed, a strenuous effort had been made to accelerate the consummation of this momentous measure with as much haste, as could be reasonably asked in passing an un-important act of the Legislature. Those with whom he acted could only put on record their reasons for protesting against the measure.

As it would be his duty to use plain language in dealing with such vital topics, he lesired to affirm; at the threshold, that no one of the party now assuming to be the peculiar champions of the rights of the negroes was animated by sentiments of sincerer good will towards that race than himself, or would more heartily co-operate in any movement commending itself to rational approval, for their physical, moral and political advancement. There was nothing in his past habits of thought or action to induce him to view with antipathy the freedom of the negroes or the bestowal upon them, by some fit method, of the means for their improvement and eleva-

While he had never doubted the righteousness of the tenure by which they were held of human duty-the word of God-or by the plain prescriptions of the constitution—he had never belonged to the school of philosophy or politics which sought to chrystalize slavery as a permanent element in the social fabric. On the contrary he had sympathized with the views of the most eminent statesmen, of all sections, who favored plans for its gradual elimination, which should sacredly respect the property-rights of the master, and at the same time, provide for establishing the negro race in some country favorable to their

existence as a separate people. When he should speak of the superiority of the white race, and the debasement of the negro, it would be in no spirit of reproach to the latter. He hoped to remember that whether this superiority consisted in native endowment or in attainments, it was God who made them to differ in gifts and oppor-

Mr. M. then proceeded to speak of the mode in which negro suffrage was to be foisted on the people of Virginia. The very party which intended to impose it by the bayonet, could not got some of its eminent leaders to affirm the process to be constitutional. And one of the leaders here—the member from Petersburg-had remarked, in most inopportune endeavor at wit, that the rebels in Virginia had better dispose of their complaints against the grip of the reconstruction acts, as the soldier who was tied to the cannon wheel, did of the issue presented by a comrade, as to the authority of his captain so to freat him, viz: "That it didn't matter to him whether there was a law for tying him; all he

knew, was, he was ticd!" Another influential leader here, the member from Henry, feeling doubtless, that some graver apology was needed for the flagrant usurpations of Congress in ordering that this Convention should be constituted by the votes of the negroes, and then prescribing that its work should be to engraft universal negro suffrage in the constitution of the State, undertook to show that it behooved Congress to interpose, because of the anarchy and chaos into which society fell upon the overthrow of the Confederate government, and that Congress had only intervened by tendering the needful enabling act! It was rather hard te take this as serious, when Virginia had a constitution and State government extended over all her limits in 1865, which had been recognized by all departments of the Federal gov-

There was no more of reason, just pretext or authority on the part of Congress to overthrow this State government in Virginia, than it had to venture on a similar work in Maine

Mr. M. then passed to consider the merits of the scheme of negro suffrage. He exhibited the fact that, so small was the numerical difference between the white and black voters, the ordinary use of political expedients and influences would invest the negroes with political ascendancy in Virginia. He then depicted the spectacle: A territory vaster than all the area now held by the lead ing powers of Western Europe: a country discovered, reclaimed from the savage, and made the abode of a refined civilization by eight millions of Anglo-Saxons, was to pass under the sway of negroes just let loose from slavery. Mr. M. urged the inquiry for the reasons which impelled to such a revolution. The Conservatives had waited in earnest expectation for some sponsor to vindicate such a measute. But their ears had been vexed by bold assertions and miserable apologies .-No single man had met the obvious demands of the hour and ventured to claim that the negro possessed those cardinal requisites which all history and human reason proclaim to be essential for the administration of republican government, viz: 1st. Intelligence to direct; 2nd. Mozal culture to inspire true patriotism; 3rd. Stake in the community, sufficient to feel

the ills of mal-administration. It had been urged that the whites in Virginia had too lately been in rebellion to be trusted with the control of the State; if this were so, in God's name, why not ordain some power which may rule wisely and well, instead of making it an excuse for the rule of the in-

incompetent negro?

Much stress had been laid on the claim that the negro was a free citizen. Suppose he is: so are women and minors, and so were hundreds of thousands of white men in Virginia from 1776 to 1830, who never voted? Mr. M. proceeded to show that all such loose assumptions of the right to political franchise as pertaining to mere manhood,

ciples of republican government.

the negroes had shown a discriminating intelligence, in voting already between Repub-licans and rebels! He showed that with every appliance to allure their cupidity and arouse their fears—by promises of property and promotion on the one hand, and by insinuations of their re-enslavement by the whites on the other, the Republicans had shown their faith in the intelligence and virtue of the negroes, by requiring them to be herded like cattle in loyal league pens in order to ensure obedience to their behests.

against the trustworthiness of the white men and a chance to drink it. You tell us your how to respect and confide in such a foe, and counsels of pacification, based on sentiments mutual self-respect, would long since have given peace and union to a distracted country. Mr. M. then adverted to the perverted ideas instilled into the negroes, and put forward by their speakers in the Convention, viz: that the toils and labors of the black race had aided in building up the State, and earned a title to political privileges. This, he showed, could only give them a claim to benevolent regard, to be manifested in such mode as was suited to their real capacities the mules to lay claim to a vote. It would | had done done it. He give Him the glory as rational in a farther to admit a child to the rule of the household, because of special merit in filial service, as for the negro to assert a claim to vote because he had been a faithful servant. He then denounced the effort made to teach the negro that the white

the hatred thus inspired. Mr. M. then proceeded to discuss at length the peculiar obnoxiousness of the measure, because of the violent and sudden change in the relations of the two races, aggravated, as it would be, by the radical physical diversi-

ties between them. He argued that the party which was forcng negro suffrage gave no evidence of their desires for the public weal, else they would proceed by making a gradual instead of a sudden change in the relations of the two races. No patriotic or prudent statesman would seek to make furious war on the deeply radicated convictions and sentiments of the people, but rather lead them through gradual influences along the path of innovation. So now it might be expected that this new boon would be given to the negro under some conditions prescribed for its enjoyment. The few Yankee States who gave him suffrage pre-

scribed qualifications/ Mr. M. then discussed the inevitable influences of the measure in stimulating the negro to seek social fusion with the whites. God had demarcated these two races by an indellible physical line. The natural instincts of each race obeyed this law. But politicians and parties were seeking to be wiser than God. Confusion and strife will issue out of such sin and folly. Radical speakers, feeling this danger, are vehement in talking such stuff as that social equality regulates itself. That is to say, you may give equal honor, station, emplument and power to two races living side by side, yet, the inferior race will not seek social recognition and intercourse with the superior! He showed that the exneriment must end in strife and separation, dr in the hybridinization of the two races. Mr. M. then exhibited what he deemed the true policy for the good of both races. The real needs of the negro, suddenly let loose from slavery, were to be taught and encouraged to provide for his urgent physical wants. It would require years of exacting labor to enable him to make even moderate advance in caring for his physical necessities certainly, if in addition, a partial education is also to be achieved. If let alone, the whites f Virginia would extend an earnest and helping hand in aiding the negro to procure these pressing necessities. If God, in His Providence, opens a way by which the black race may be assisted to advance in mental and moral attainment, and to found and maintain a free and civilized commonwealth for themselves, none would contribute to this enevolent result more cheerfully than the outhern whites. There was neither philanbrophy nor sound reason in inducing the nero to aspire to power and place for which he s unfit, and to throw him into collision and strife with those on whom alone he could rely

for physical and moral aid. Mr. M. urged that the end of all this delorable mischief could not be uncertain. If the present Radical plans prevail the South must temporarily pass into the dreary night if stagnant industry, impoverished production, social disorder and universal distress.-But the imperative needs as well as the sharp sagacity of the American race will discern the cause and come to the rescue. Thirty millions of whites will not suffer four millions of blacks to rule and ruin the fairest portion of the Republic. Then will come the sad sequel to the negro. Tempted in his ignorance and credulity to try the vain attempt of contending with the white race for equality of power, he must give way before their resistless urpose to occupy, develope and enjoy this entire continent. The negroes, bereft of the sympathy and efficient aid which a rational policy would now ensure them, would fall a nitiless sacrifice to the cruel selfishness which s now using them for party aggrandizement. In the afternoon, Hodges, negro, replied to the above. We give his remarks to show

the style of his oratory :-Hodges, negro, took the floor, and spoke in favor of negro suffrage. He said that when he came here he was in favor of taking all political disbilities off of men of the South in 1870. Jeff Davis and Robt. Lee not excepted. Dev tole us if we did not wote wid 'em dev had several hundred blood-hounds behind the curtain, and would run us in the gulf of ted to the Southwest to organize a body of Mexico, or some udder place, but we didn't ! negro troops.

rested on perverted conceptions of the prin- | do it; and dey hiest de curtain, and what did iples of republican government.

We se; de ole def dog, de old blind dog, de ded dog. De def dog was de seceshun party, he negroes had shown a discriminating in
who would not hear de cries of the North, de blind dog was de Conservative party, and de ded dog was de Confederacy; and he tell you now dat dey wan't fraid of either dog; we never can trust a man who hed dem in slavery. Dey may forgive dem, but dey would watch dem, and would never forget dem.

You will never git de colored man out et Virginia while de sun shines. He warnt gwine anywhar else; dis was heben enough for him, until Jusus comes out of de abundance of de heart de tongue speaks. Dar was white Mr. M. then noticed the Radical talk about men in some portions of de State who neber the so called loyalty of the negroes and their | did see de constitution, and neber will see it; imported leaders, and the libels uttered all dev want was to see a bottle of whiskey Virginia, as to fidelity to their duties under | are our friends; why, de devil might as well the Federal constitution. Such deliberate tell God he was His friend. He said once libels demanded rebuke. The men who dar was a man who was named Moses and uttered them were incapable of comprehend- his wife was named Mary, and dey use to fall ing the devotion to duty, which nerved the out sometimes, and one day Mary got Moses Southern heart in the fight, or its sincerity down and she picked up a brick, and Moses in pledging its honor to abide the results of hollowed, "Oh, Mary, don't don't hit me." the war. The record of Southern patriots "Well, I won't; but you must not do so any and heroes will be preserved in fragrant and mo or not." "Mary, I won't do so again." blessed memory, so long as the leve of civil So Mary got up, but just as soon as Mary got liberty lingers on the earth; while the clamor in front Moses picked up the brick and of their traducers will sink into merited de- knocked her down, and Mary asked him not estation. Had a decent magnanimity or an to hit her, as she did not hit him, but Moses enlightened patriotism moved the party which said, "I got the brick now;" and dat was de raled at Washington, they would have known | way wid de Conservative party. | We got de whip now, and you ask us not to whip you;

but we aint going to trust you wid it, either. [Great laughter.] Hodges made a famous speech. He went through the whole bible history of the negro race, from the days of Ham. He announced that the Queen Sheba was as black as the ace of spades, but that notwithstanding that. Solomon delighted in her, and said he had never seen a woman that pleased him so well. De Republican party had dug deep, and was going to build its house on de rock, while de other party was built on de sand, and a great and wants. The argument, if pushed to its fall was comin' some day. He felt that God true conclusions, would enable the oxen and had put it in his heart to make a speech; he departed from the lake by some subterranean for it, and concluded.

A member said he did not think the Great Giver of all good was quite hard enough up to want the glory of any such talk.

Judge Woodward on Impeachment.

man had robbed him in slavery, and showed The following paragraph from the speech of Judge Woodward, of Pennsylvania, against the impeachment conspiracy, will command attention. A few more such determined and patriotic spirits as Judge Woodward would prove a blessing in this trying crisis of the

> "I deny the right of the Senate to try impeachment. The House is not composed as he Constitution requires, of members chosen by the people of the several States; nor the Senate, of two Senators from each State. So sure am I that the American people will respect this objection that if I were the President's counsellor I would advise him, that if you prefer articles of impeachment, to demur both to your jurisdiction and that of the Senate, and to issue a proclamation giving you and all the world notice that whilst he held himself impeachable for misdemeanors in office before the constitutional tribunal, he never would subject the office he holds in trust for the people to the irregular, unconstitutional, fragmentary bodies who propose to strip him of it. Such a proclamation, with the army and navy in his hands to sustain it. would meet a popular response that would make an end of impeachment and impeach-

> > An Eloquent Remark.

Gen. Cass, in the patriotic oration which he delivered at the opening of the Wabash and Erie Canal in Indiana, in 1843, made the following comparison, full of beauty and the force of true eloquence:

I have stood upon the plain of Marathon, the battle field of liberty. It is silent and desolate. Neither Greek nor Persian is there to give life and animation to the scene. It bounded by sterile hills on one side and lashed by the eternal waves of Ægean sea on the other. But Greek and Persian were there, and that decayed spot was alive with hostile armies, who fought the great fight which rescued Greece from the yoke of Persia. I have stood upon the hill of Zion, the city of Jerusalem, the scene of our Redeemer's sufferings, crucifixion and ascension .-But the sceptre has departed from Judah, and its glory from the capital of Solomon. The Assyrian, Egyptian, the Turk, and the Crusaders, have passed over the chief places of Israel, and have reft it of its power and beauty. In those regions of the East where society passed its infancy it seems to have reached its decrepitude. If the associations which the memory of their past glory excites are pewerful, they are melancholy. They are without gratification for the present and without hope for the future. But here we are in the freshness of youth, and can look forward with rational confidence to ages of progress in all that gives power and pride to man, and dignity to human nature.

-THE "QUARTERLY" ON GEN. LEE. -The London "Quarterly Review," replying to an essay by Goldwin Smith, who cites Lincoln Grant, Sherman and Stanton (1) as examples of American great men, says : "We admit that Mr. Stanton and his col-

leagues have done great things on a great scale, but they lack the stamp of individual greatness. If that is to be found anywhere in America, it is under the modest roof of General Robert E. Lee, the loved champion of the lost cause, whom prosperity never intoxicated, nor adversity depressed, and who exceeded his opponent as much in real nobility and greatness of character as he did in military skill and daring."

The Adjutant-General who was appointed Secretary of War ad interim by Mr. Johnson, is General Lorenzo Thomas, one o the oldest officers in the army, having reached his sixty-eighth year. He is a native of Delaware, and entered the Fourth infantry as second lieutenant on the 1st July, 1823. At the beginning of the late war, being regarded as a Copperhead, he was not trusted with any command; but in 1864 he was depuPORTICAL.

[For the Spirit of Jefferson.] DREAMLAND. BY MAY LE BARON.

Through the balmy portals of sleep From the realms of dreamland fair Sad my spirit came forth to weep Over the ruined treasures there. Strains of music that died too soon;
Beauteous visions that gleamed to fade;
Golden days that ended at noon,
Sun lit pictures drowned in shade:

Amber tresses that turned to grey;
Azure eyes with their lustre fled;
Pearl-white teet that flitted away;
Brave young hearts that moanless bled:

Garlands of flowers that grew to graves, Silver-edged clouds that leaden broke, Stars that sank in the darkened waves, Sea-shell echoes that wailing woke Blessings wasted, and prayers unsaid Broken vows, and regrets profound, Wasted hours, and tears unshed, These the treasures in dreamland found.

MISCELLANEOUS.

A Lake Dried Up.

A few days ago the water from Ottawa lake, in Monroe county, Michigan, all at once disappeared. The Coldwater Gazette states that the water had begun to subside for some days, and the teamsters who carried stone from the lake noticed that the holes at which they watered their cattle were crowded with fish. They increased in numbers, both large and small, the former having their mouths wide open, and so exhausted that the people caught them with their hands. The work of quarrying and hauling stones was soon abandoned, and in a short time scores of teams and hundreds of men might be seen on and around the lake. The men, with handspikes, crowbars, and axes, were busily engaged in cutting and raising huge pieces of ice, and then stooping down and lifting the fish, some of which were dead, some alive, and some frozen fast in the ice, for the water having passage, the vast sheet of ice lay on the bot-tom. For three days immense quantities of also the owner, Johnny coolly asked him if tom. For three days immense quantities of fish were carried away, principally pickerel and bass, while vast quantities of white fish are left to rot on the ice and in the mudfor mud and ice are all that is left of Ottawa lake. Numerous pieces of the ice are left standing on edge, like so many grave stones. The lake, or rather its bed, or graveyard, presents a novel scene. Some say the water will soon return by the same source by which it departed, bringing a fresh supply of fish with it-for Lake Erie is supposed to be its headquarters. Meantime the farmers in the vicinity greatly feel the loss of the departed waters. About seven years ago this lake departed in the same way, and old men say it

departs and returns periodically. W. & S. R. R.-In speaking of the proposed Winchester and Strasburg railroad,

the Baltimore American says: "The Legislature of Virginia less than year ago incorporated the Winchester and Strasburg railroad company. That road is a link in the line of roads leading from Harper's Ferry, through Winchester, to Strasburg, and thence to Harrisonburg. With this link built, it is expected that the Valley road of Virginia will proceed at an early day to organize for the construction of a line from Harrisonburg, through Staunton and Lexington, to Salem. At the latter point, it will be remembered that the road through the Valley of Virginia will strike the Virginia and Tennessee road, and thus be connected with the entire system of railways extending through the intermediate States to Louisiana. The importance of this connection has been so well understood that a large number of our influential citizens have invited the appointment of commissioners by the Winchester and Strausburg road for the purpose of taking subscriptions in Baltimore. A meeting was held yesterday at the Merchants' Bank, and one hundred and fifty thousand dollars immediately subscribed to the company. Committees were appointed for the purpose of calling the attention of the citizens of Baltimore to the importance of the enterprise to the trade and commerce of the city and of obtaining subscriptions to the stock of the company. It is understood that the Baltimore and Ohio railroad company will be prepared to lease the Winchester and

Strausburg road as soon as completed." GEN. WASHINGTON'S AGE .- A VETY old man, who saw Gen. Washington, and describes him as a tall, dignified appearing person, with a dark or tanned complexion, has something to say in the Newport Mercury with regard to the real age of the great Father of his Country. Washington, he says, was born on the 11th day of February, 1732, old style-135 years ago. Eleven days were omitted from the British calendar in 1752, and Washington's birthday was celebrated thereafter on the 22d of February. At the time of Washington's birth the beginning of the year in Great Britain and her colonies was on the 25th of March, but an act was passed in the 24th year of the reign of King George II, that the first day of January, which, in the old style, would have been 1751, "shall be reckoned and deemed to be the first day of our Lord, 1752;" consequently the period of time between the last day of December, 1751 and the 25th of March following, was entirely stricken out from the British calendar. Washington, therefore, had no birthday in February, 1751, for there was no month of February, 1751, in British history. On his birthday, therefore, in 1752, (new style,) he did not become twenty years of age, but only nineteen, and from the day of his birth, in 1732, (old style,) to this present February, 1868, are only 135 years.

Too SMART FOR THE MINISTER .- An leader. A few months ago Sam was arraignacquaintance of ours who has a bright, keen | ed one morning before the domestic judiciary little girl in her family, related to us yester- when the following dialogue occurred: day the following incident: The family were dining, when the conversation turned upon an excursion about to take place. A clergyman at the table spoke to the little girl and asked her if she could repeat the alphabet backwards. She said, "No sir," when the gentleman remarked, "Then you can't go on the excursion." She looked very demure hold on the boy's feelings, added: "My son, for a moment, when she asked, "Can you say if you don't take a different course I have the Lord's Prayer backwards?" "No, dear." great fears. Do you know what my great "Then," replied the girl, "you can't go to heaven." Her interrogator stopped.

"You dear." great fears. Do you know what my great fear is, Samuel—the fear which distresses me day and night?" "Yes'r," said Sam, his

-" I feel too lazy to. work," said a loafer, "and I have no time to play, so I'll go to bed and thus split the difference.'

Spirit of Jefferson

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

One Square, Three Insertions. Each Continuance, One Square, One Month. 2.00 5.00 One Square, Three Months, One Square, Six Months, 8.00 One Square, One Year, 15.00 Ten Lines or less, constitute a Square. early Advertisements by Special Contract.

Casting Out Devils.

We have a friend, a Methodist pres er, and a jolly fellow he is. He has a l ge, muscular frame, with corpulence to conjest pond; he has a huge hand, with a powerful grip—save us from giving him serious of the if he were a common sinner. He is an earnas an "oil prince," having for a considerable length of time enjoyed the princely income of \$3,000 per day, filed in the United States District Court, last week, a voluntary petition est worker, and has a well earned reputation as a revivalist. Some years ago he was fold-ing a meeting at which quite an interest was awakened. A number of persons had come to the anxious seat, and some had been converted. One evening a group, consisting of two or three young men and as many young ladies, were present, whose object in coming was to make merriment. The minister having noticed their manœuvres for a while, and thinking it was time they were checked, found his way to them, and addressing himself to his early youth we know very little; manhood and riches sprang upon him about the same time. His interest in the famous M'Clintock the young men kindly requested them to bserve the decorum befitting the place. the of them, whose ideas of politeness was hardly up to the mark, ventured in rather an ingracious manner to reply that they had "inderstood that miracles were worked there, and he had come to see some performed Upon this our robust friend, the minit er, coolly took the young man by the coat co ar, deliberately led him down the sisle, and opening the door, without ceremony larged him outside, quietly remarking, "We do not work miracles here, but we cast out devils."

SIZE OF POTATO SETS FOR PLANTING .-The last number of the Journal of the Royal Ag. Society of England, has a report of Mr. Maw's experiments on the potato crop, to determine the most profitable size of sets, which is a very practical paper, and goes to settle a question of much importance, about which very diverse views have been held, and defective practice followed. Mr. Maw, who was a distinguished scholar at Cirencester. evidently is alive (says the London Field) to the importance of comfirming results by a variety of tests. We must content ourselves with stating very briefly the conclusions ar-Second. To see was to envy; so hailing the rived at. Every increase in the size of the set, from I oz up to 8 oz., produces an increase of crop much greater than the additional weight of sets planted. The net profit in using 4 oz. instead of 1 oz sets, amounted to between three or four tons per acre, and the further profit, from 4 to 8 oz., averaged about 5 tons. The advantage of large sets was more marked in late than in early sorts .-Small sets yield best when planted close in rows, say from 6 in. to 9 in., and in no case should the distance exceed 12 in. Weight for weight, out sets produce the same weight of crop as whole potatoes.

> PORK EATING .- Hall's Journal of Health ays: "There is no trouble in eating pork in a cold climate. It is needed, or some fatty meat, for the support of life, while at the South vegetable diet is better. But whether the hog should be eaten depends on the manner in which he is kept. . If he is kept as a mere scavenger on filth and rottenness, the meat would be unfit to eat, as its food would enter into its composition. We see this in the difference between the hogs fed on acorns and those fed on corn. Any animal that lives upon the filth and waste of cities should be rejected as food. But if the hog can be kept cleanly and on proper food, pork is as healthy as beef or poultry or fish

CORN MEAL FOR MILCH COWS .- The statement is often made through the agricultural press, that corn meal is the best feed for cows into the store, where he would buy the best as a milk producer. Why this should be repeated when the experience of almost every farmer is to the contrary, we cannot tell, unhim while travelling, purchasing everything less it be for the reason that corn meal is the best grain feed for cows not giving milk .-There is no grain so good for keeping up fat, animal heat, and producing flesh and it is used in winter by most dairymen for this purpose; but as a milk producer it is the poorest grain that can be given. Oat meal and wheat bran sire to "stop a while." The clerk asked are far superior. These statements are based upon actual experiment and the experience of many farmers .- Ohio Farmer.

> HOW MUCH LAND THE FARMER OWNS .popular writer says, "No farmer owns any deeper than he can plow." The rest is the unhandled globe. But it contains the greater part of what a farmer might use; it is there for his taking-the most of it. He can do much of this by simply adjusting the clevis-pin; by using a little longer spade. Bring up the rich soil; it wants to see the light; it wants to do duty for man. In some places this layer is many fathoms in depth. It is there, a treasure, as gold is a treasure in the mine; the skill of man needs but to be applied to develop it .- Prairie Farmer.

> SCALDING CREAM .- Do all the good farm ladies know that by simply scalding the milk before setting for cream, the butter will come very readily with from ten to fifteen minutes churning in the coldest weather. The cream, however, will require to be brought into a proper temperature. It requires little trouole to strain the milk into tin kettles and place them on the stove until the required heat is obtained and the milk will be all the better for family use. Try it and see how much trouble and vexation it will save the domestics when the time of churning comes

> - Cattle for beef should be kept in a rather mall lot, have water very regularly and frequently, and be fed a diet which is at once palatable, nutritious, and readily digested .-Corn, boiled in the ear until the grain and cob are both soft, should, perhaps, form the staple article of diet in the west; but a mash made of pumkins, turnips, potatoes, cabbage, etc., boiled in kitchen slop, and thickened with corn meal or wheat bran, makes an excellent change, and should be resorted to often.—North Western Farmer.

> How to SALT BEEF .- For every 100 pounds of beef, take one and a half ounces of saltpetre, two and a half pounds brown sugar, five pounds good salt, and two and a half gallons water; mix all together and boil the mass till all the hard ingredients are thoroughly dissolved; then let the brine cool and pour it over the meat, which must be packed tight and weighted down. The pickle should entirely cover the brine.-Rural World.

-Twould be odd to see a lobster smoking a cigar, or a toad chewing tobacco; but to see an editor at ease with himself and all the world, and up to his knees in prosperity, would be still more strange.

PROGRESS OF IMPEACHMENT.

On with the work is the cry of the Jacobins, and Friday next is the day fixed for the President by counsel to answer at the bar of the Senate the charges which a corrupt, partizan House of Representatives have preferred against him. His chances before the Senate are not such as to give a strong hope of his acquittal. The Lynchburg Republican. we think, takes a correct view of the situation, when it says, we have alreaby ventured to express the opinion that President Johnson, having been lawlessly impeached by the H, of Representatives, would be convicted and displaced from office by the Senate, and that in a very short period of time. We based this opinion upon two considerations which seem to us to be convincing to the judgement First .- That we are in the midst of a revo lution in government and laws; and that as such revolutions never go backward, it is fair to assume that the result will be in this country similar to what the revolution was in France in the time of the Bourbons, and in England in the time of the Stuarts. And secondly, because the conspirators at Washington have gone to such extremes of usurpation, and stand upon such perilous ground, that it is impossible for them to fail in convicting and removing the President without disgrace and ruin to themselves and their party. They cannot turn back if they would they must convict Mr. Johnson or stand convicted themselves before the eyes of the civ-

"For he who stands upon a slippery place, Makes nice of no vile hold to stay him up." They must at once seize upon the Presi dential chair and all the departments, civil and military, of the country, or they will be completely ousted from Congress and all other places of power and trust in which their piratical clans now sport with the liberties of the people. Bad men and bold conspirators, when once fully launched upon the dubious and perilous sea of criminal adventure seldom reverse their course or shrink from crime; and so it will be now with the Radical conspirators at Washington. They will "head" President Johnson, and seize upon the government, or "die" in the lawless effort; and that such is their present purpose, is clearly shown by the following extracts from leading journals of the conspirators. The first is Forney's Chronicle, as follows:

ilized world.

"Congress Responds .- The solid Republican vote in the House adopting the articles of impeachment last evening followed by the equally solid Republican vote in the Senate, adopting the rules for the trial of Andrew Johnson, President of the United States, may be called the double response of Congress to the loud call of the American People .-The great preliminaries having now been agreed upon, the trial will be delayed for some days, when the accused will appear by himself or his counsel, or both, to answer to the grave charges preferred against him .-We do not disguise that the case is one of extreme gravity; but the character of his offence will make the examination necessarily brief, ought to make a deserved verdict sure. We do not doubt that verdict; nor that it will be reached without resistance or violence .-Our Government has sustained many severe strains, and has nobly survived them. The removal of an Executive for a celiberate viola-tion of the law is not nearly a serious a task as that of fighting the armed spellion, or of conducting the Government after the assassination of the beloved Lincoln The next is from the Albany Evening

Journal, of New York :

"The Washington correspondents endeavor create the impression that there is a weakening of the Senatorial vertebræ, from bar that the people will not sustain impeach-Zent. We do not believe that any such cowardly spirit prevails; but if it does, let the trembling souls contemplate the alternative, as presented by the Union, that the malicious prosecutors' in the House of Representatives will be the ones aimed at in the Presidential canvass. And with reason, too. If the Republican member of Congress manimously impeach the President, and a Republican Senate acquit him of the charge, the fact furnishes the Democracy a most latte argument in proving either the inompetency of the House or Senate, or both. THE RUBICON IS PASSED. There is no saltion in retreat. Forward is victory; retreat disaster. A demoralized army with a harrassing enemy on its flanks and rear, will be the result. Onward, then !"

Those who read these extracts from leading radical organs will hardly doubt that it is the deliberate purpose of the conspirators to remove the President and put Wade in his place regardless of all usage or law. The people of the North, therefore, must resist these usurpations, or the liberties of the country are hopelessly gone.

ELECTION OF SENATOR.

On Friday last the Legislature of Maryland succeeded in electing a United States Senator in place of Hon. Philip F. Thomas. who had been refused his seat by the Jacobin majority in that body. The choice fell upon the Hon GEORGE VICKERS, of Kent county, of whom the Baltimore "Sun" says

"That a judicious selection has been made in this case for United States Senator can hardly be questioned. Mr. Vickers is a man Johnson for insisting that they are in the as the successor to the office of President in of sound conservatism in politics, temperate Union." in tone and action, and is known as an able lawyer and a gentleman of refined courtesy. Mary and will suppose him not worthy to en- | quiet.

er into the United States Senate." - The Lynchburg Republican says: "The Post office at this place has been instructed by the authorities at Washington, to pay no happens, especially in times like these, that further attention to documents bearing the what is given to the public as news at all; frank of John C. Underwood, 'U. S. S.," and and often the publication of unfounded ruto treat all such missives as dead letters.— more have no other effect than to keep alive of summons on the impeachment. The pro- noble attempt to save his sister and her chil-

long since."

THE SAME SUBJECT.

Again our theme is the inexhaustible Jon. who continues to yield the most prolific fruit for the editorial pen. We would like to let him drop, but his friends (if such they may be called) of the Berkeley Union, have hoisted him too high for us to lower him of a sudden. This is a process which requires to be gradual, the fear being that his fall might produce a serious concussion, injuring not only the subject, but the noble defenders who have so fearlessly thrown themselves in the breach to champion his cause.

But for these friends, who seem determined that the name of the Hon. Joe shall be kept before the public, we might have let him alone until the fall campaign at least, unless another Renehan & Kirwan case developed itself in the meantime, in which probable event, we should have felt free to pitch in but as the matter now stands, he is too good a subject for editorial picking to be summarily dismissed. With this prelude we proceed to our task :-

Joe Chapline then, stands convicted before the public of having attempted to defraud the firm of Renehan & Kirwan, merchants doing business in the city of Baltimore, of over \$490, an amount which he owed them for goods purchased at their counters. Does any one doubt this? The proof is found in the scathing card which we publish this morning over the signature of J. W. Kennedy, the counsel of Renehan & Kirwan-which card Joe Chapline and his friends-including the editors of the Berkeley Union, dare not attempt to answer.

This is sufficient, so far as Joe is concerned and we now let him down from his high position, with this caution: when you want some one to defend you steer clear of such bunglers as have undertaken your cause in Martinsburg. Mr. Kennedy had nothing do with this quarrel until these bunglers, by a charge which they knew to be false, drew him into it. By this blunder, your connection with the celebrated case of Renehan & Kirwan vs. Joe Chapline, has been thorough-

Farewell Joseph, and if forever.

We have now a notion to "go for" the ed itors of the Berkeley Union, but a serious uestion presents itself. Will it pay? Is the game worth the ammunition that may be expended upon them? We doubt it exceedingly, and yet their continued officious and cowardly insolence, deserves some rebuke .-Unable to answer either the articles which appeared in the Spirit, or the card of Mr. Kennedy, they seek to parry the force of both by charging Mr. Kennedy with the authorship of the editorials arraigning Joe Chapline at the bar of public opinion. This is meanness from a mean source; a source too mean to be contemptible and too low to be reached without a plummet. Judge Kennedy has never written a line for this paper, and has never expressed a desire to do so. Like other gentlemen who have suffered by the rascalities of the negro-loving, justice-hating conspirators who hold sway in this State, and who have robbed them of their rights by a process more despicable than that which enriched Butler's chest with the silver-ware of New Orleans, Mr. K. has read and approved of our ventilations of the corrupt and nefarious career of Chapline, but that he has ever written or suggested anything that has appeared editorially in our columns, is as false as anything that ever found place in the Berkeley Union, and that is saying a great deal, when it is remembered that paper is a weekly receptacle of all that is vile, mendacious and untrue. Up to one week ago, Mr. Kennedy was not even a subscriber to our

WHAT GEN, GRANT SAID IN 1861 The Randolph (Mo.) Citizen published some interesting reminiscences of Gen. Grant, one of which we copy below:

In the summer of 1861, General Grant, then Colonel of the 21st Illinois regiment of infantry, was stationed at Mexico, on the North Missouri railroad, and had command of the post. Ulysses the silent was then Ulysses the garrulous, and embraced every fair opportunity which came in his way to express his sentiments and opinions in regard to political affairs. One of these declarations we distinctly remember. In a public conversation in Ringo's banking-house, a sterling Union | the House of Representatives followed. The man put this question to him : "What do you honestly think was the real object of this war on the part of the Federal government?"

"Sir," said Grant, "I have no doubt in the world that the sole object is the restoration of the Union. I will say further, though I am a Democrat-every man in my regiment is a Democrat-and whenever I shall be convinced that this war has for its object anything else than what I have mentioned, or that the Government designs using its soldiers to execute the purposes of the abolitionists, I pledge you my word as a man and a soldier, that I will not only resign my commission, but will carry my sword to the other side, and cast my lot with that people."

A TEN STRIKE .- The Philadelphia Age hrows the following "bomb" into the Radical

"The month of March, 1868, will exhibit two wonderful events-the trial of Jefferson Davis for insisting that the Southern States were out of the Union and the trial of Andrew | whether, in view of the position of Mr. Wade

THE PEOPLE WANT PEACE.-The Phila. He was originally a whig, but has acted for delphia Age, in speaking of affairs, says no some years with the democratic party. He matter what may be the result of the strughas never, however, sought political prefer- gle now going on in Washington, if the Dement, but was chosen State Senator from mocracy are true to themselves and keep Kent county, and served in the last Legisla- within the law and the Constitution, as they bure, but declined a re election last fall .- have done in the past, they will so carry Though not aspiring to be an orator, Mr. | with them the popular heart that at the next | Wickers is yet a very good speaker and de- election not a vestige of Radicalism will be He resides at Chestertown, is about left in the country. The people want peace fixty-five years of age, and is universally re- -not continual war and fretful agitation. spected by men of all parties. No man in | The business interests of the nation demand

The Washington Republican speaking of the publication of much reported news from Washington says that "it not unfrequently This order should have been promulgated undue excitement in the community, which tends only to mischievous results."

IMPEACHMENT.

Opinion of Chief Justice Chase. The following opinion of Chief Justice Chase was laid before the United States Sen-

ate, on Wednesday, and referred to a select committee for consideration :

To the Senate of the United States: Inasmuch as the whole power to try im peachment is vested by the Constitution. the Senate, and it is made the duty of the Chief Justice to preside when the President is on trial, I take the liberty of submitting, very respectfully, some observations in respect to the proper mode of proceeding upon the impeachment, which has been preferred by the House of Representatives against the President now in office.

That when the Senate sits for the trial an impeachment it sits as a Court, seems un

That for the trial of an impeachment of the President, this Court must be constituted of the members of the Senate, with the Chief Justice presiding, seems equally unquestionable.

The Federalist is regarded as the highest cotemporary authority on the construction of the Constitution, and in the 64th number. the functions of the Senate "sitting in their judicial capacity as a Court for the trial of impeachment," are examined.

In a paragraph explaining the reasons for not uniting "the Supreme Court with the Senate in the formation of the Court of Impeachment," it is observed that "to a certain extent, the benefits of that union will be obtained from making the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court the President of the Court of Impeachment, as is proposed in the plan of the Constitution, while the inconveniences of an entire incorporation of the former into the latter will be substantially avoided. This was, perhaps, the most prudent means."

This authority seems to leave no doubt upon either of the propositions just stated. And the statement of them will serve to introduce the question upon which I think it my duty to state the result of my reflections to the Senate, viz: At what period, in the case of an impeachment of the President, should the Court of Impeachment be organized, under oath, as directed by the Constitution.

It will readily suggest itself to any one who reflects upon the abilities and the learning in the law which distinguish so many Senators, that besides the reason assigned in the Federalist there must have been still ly ventilated, and a pretty plight it leaves you another for the provision requiring the Chief Justice to preside in the Court of Impeachment. Under the Constitution, in case of a vacancy in the office of President, the Vice President succeeds; and it was doubtless thought prudent and befitting that the next in succession should not preside in a proceeding through which a vacancy might be crea-

> It was not doubted that the Senate, while sitting in its ordinary capacity, must necessarily receive from the House of Representatives some notice of its intention to impeach the President at its bar, but it does not seem to me an unwarrantable opinion in view of this constitutional provision that the organization of the Senate as a Court of Impeachment under the Constitution should precede the actual announcement of the impeachment on the part of the House. And it may perhaps be thought a still less unwarranted opinion that articles of impeachment should only be presented to a Court of Impeachment, and that no summons or other process should issue except from the organ-

ized Court, and that rules for the government of the proceedings of such court should be framed only by the court itself. I have found myself unable to come to any other conclusions than these, and can assign no reason for requiring the Senate to organize as a Court under any other than its ordinary presiding officer for the later proceedings upon an impeachment of the President which does not seem to me to apply equally

to the earlier. I am informed that the Senate has proceeded upon other views, and it is not my purpose to contest what its superior wisdom may have directed. All good citizens will fervently pray that

no occasion may ever arise when the grave proceedings now in progress will be cited as precedent, but it is not impossible that such an occasion may come.

Inasmuch, therefore, as the Constitution has charged the Chief Justice with an important function in the trial of an impeachment of the President, it has seemed to me fitting and obligatory, where he is unable to concur in the views of the Senate concerning matters essential to the trial, that his respectful dissent should appear.

[Signed] Chief Justice United States.

Washington, March 4, 1868. The next day after this letter had been read in the Senate, Chief Justice Chase, on the arm of Mr. Pomeroy, and followed by Messrs, Wilson and Buckalew, the committee appointed to escort him, appeared at the outside bar of the Senate. The members of-President of the Senate announced the suspension of all business for the purpose of proceeding with the business of impeachment

and vacated the chair. The Chief Justice advanced and took the seat of the presiding officer. He then said: "Senators, I am here in obedience to your notice for the purpose of proceeding with you in forming a Court of Impeachment for the trial of Andrew Johnson, President of the United States. I am now ready to take the oath." Associate Justice Nelson then administered the following oath to the Chief Justice: "I do solemnly swear that in all things appertaining to the trial of impeachment of Andrew Johnson, President of the United States, now pending, I will do impartial justice, accordng to the Constitution and the laws. So help me God." The oath was then administered to the Senators in succession, the same oath being taken by all, until Mr. Wade's name was called. Mr. Hendricks then rose and submitted the question to the Senate ase of his removal, he was competent to take the oath as a Senator to preside over this trial. A long and warm discussion arose on this point, in which a number of speeches were made by different Senators. Without taking any final action in the matter the Court adjourned, and Mr Wade resumed the chair and called the Senate to order. Without

transacting any business, the Senate soon after adjourned. On Friday, Mr. Hendricks withdrew his objection, and Mr. Wade was sworn in, thus perfecting the organization of the Senate as a court.

The Sun's Washington correspondent, writing on the 8th instant, which is the latest we have furnishes the following:-At seven o'clock last evening the sergeant at arms of the Senate called at the White

the Senate had arrived to see Mr. Johnson the latter directed Mr Brown, the sergeant-at-arms, to be admitted.

After the usual civil salutations Mr. Brown

id "Mr. President, I have here a package which I am ordered by the Senate of the United States to deliver to you," at the same time handing a sealed envelope or package containing the writ, etc. Mr. Johnson replied-"Very well, sir; it shall have my at-tention." Mr. Brown-"Good evening Mr. President." Mr. Johnson-Good evening. Mr. Brown." And here Mr. Brown withdrew. Shortly afterward the President opened the package and found therein the writ, ncluding a copy of the articles of impeac

ment, etc., substantially as anticipated these dispatches in Saturday's paper.

It is given out to-night that one other a ticle of impeachment will be proposed in the House to-morrow, through General Butler, based upon a charge made by one Belknap formerly a purser at the Brooklyn navy-yar who alleges that the President has neglected to restore him to his official position, from which he was suspended some two or three

Belkpan's statement is that the government tunds at the Brooklyn navy-yard were stolen; that he caused to be arrested several parties whom he believed to be the thieves and had them delivered into the custody of the Navy Department; that afterwards the accused were liberated; that Belknap was charged with the defalcation in \$100,000. the sum stolen; that he was suspended; that he demanded of the Secretary of the Navy a trial by naval court-martial; that according to law, if no such trial be ordered in twelve months after demanded, the President must restore the suspended officer to his former official position; that no trial was ordered; that Belknap has asked to be restored, but the President and the Secretary of the Navy have failed to comply with the demand. Upon this statement Belknap urges another article of impeachment, and it is alleged that Gen. Butler will propose such article in the House to-morrow.

Without at present going into a statement of the views of the Navy Department on the facts and law in this case, it may be stated. however, that taking Belknap's account of the facts as correct, there is a doubt of the power of the Executive to restore him to position, &c., and that this legal point is involved in several military cases now under

consideration. Gen. Grant has furnished the President ith copies of the correspondence between he General-in-Chief and General Hancock. relative to the removal of civil officers in New Orleans, and in which Gen. Hancock asks to be relieved from the command of the fifth district. General Hancock also telegraphs to the President the hope that no repretions of parties in New Orleans will prevent the Executive from relieving him as his usefulness as commander of the fifth district has been impaired and his action paralized.

"No action has been taken in the matter by the President, but it is not improbable that the request to be relieved will be granted, and General Hancock be placed in command of the Department of the Atlantic.

Hon. Wm. S. Groesbeck, who has been here in consultation with Mr. Johnson as a egal adviser in the matter of impeachment, leaves to-morrow morning for his home in Cincinnati. All the counsel of the President have not yet been selected, but Jugde B. R Curtis, of Massachusetts, and David Dudley Field, of New York, have been regularly re-

VALLEY ITEMS

From our Valley exchanges we clip the following items :-

-On Saturday week, in Winchester two oldiers of Co. H., 21st Infantry, named Jas. Wood and Peter Morrissey, were arrested upon the charge of having attempted rape upon a colored woman residing in Winchester. as well as attempted burglary on the premises of the same individual. Col. Franklin turned the men over to the civil authorities, to answer these grave charges, and after an examination they were committed to jail to await trial.

-Parties are prospecting for coal near New Market and are confident of success. On Sunday twenty three persons were added to the membership of the Presbyterian Church in Staunton.

-An arrant scamp under the name of Thompson has swindled several citizens of Lexington to a considerable amount.

-The horse thiefs, Russell and Smith, whose exploits were noticed last week have been tried in the Clarke Court, and sentenced to fourteen years each in the Peni-

-An old negro in Rockbridge having his possession a considerable sum of money, which he kept hid away, died suddenly a few days since leaving his disconsolate heirs to discover its whereabouts.

-A shaft has been sunk upon the land of Dr. J. W. Stephenson, about five miles from Berryville, in Clarke county, opening a lead mine. The oxide has been found in large quantities. This is the second in that couny, showing that Clarke is rich in valuable

-In the absence of Mr. C. C. Francisco and family, on Saturday last says the Staunton Vindicator, his nurse placed his infant daughter in a chair near the kitchen fire, tying the child in the chair to prevent its getting hurt. In some way the chair was turned over, towards the fire, and when discovered the child was severely burned.

-On the night of the 24th ult., three men disguised and fully armed, entered the house of Mr. Kenney Sillings near Parnassus, and remained several hours during which time they pillaged the house and took therefrom \$200 in specie,\$35 in currency and a flint-lock rifle, an old family relic. Mr. Sillings and his wife were alone in the house and resistance was out of the question, especially as Mr. Sillings is an old man and almost helpless from rheumatism.

- We have learned through the kindness of Rev. Mr. Richardson (whose communica. tion want of space deters us from publishing,) and Buchanan, on last Saturday night. It seems that Mr. Miller before retiring had been looking over his old papers and dropped some fire in amongst them, from which the fire resulted. Not only was the dwelling destroyed, but also all of the adjacent outbuildings. A young man named Cade, of Botetourt, had stopped there the evening before in company with his sister and her two children. While the fire was raging the young man succeeded in making his escape from the house, but not finding his sister he returned in the house in quest of her, and was lost in the attempt. The sister, however, had placed her children upon the roof of a porch under her window, and then getting out herself succeeded in saving both them and herself. House to serve upon the President the writ | The young man perished in the flames in his ceedings were very brief. Upon the and dren. A negro-woman also was consumed in nouncement of the usher that the officer of the flames. Mr. Miller's loss is about \$2,500.

A CARD.

CHARLESTOWN, W. VA., Feb. 25. Messes Editors New Era: I have just been handed

printed in the Berkeley Union of last week, which I wish to notice through the columns of your paper.

This article is in reply to one in the Spi rit of Jefferson of late date, and is in the following scurrillous language

"We are authorized by Hon. Joseph Chapline to say, that he is no aspirant for the Judgeship of this Circuit, and that the above assertion is a foul falsehood. Mr. Chapline unlike Mr. Kennedy, knows he is unfit for the position; though rebels know he has brains enough to spare Kennedy some. The Spirit has been harping for some time about Renehan & Kirwin, why does it not tell the people the facts—tell that the above firm are bankrupts, and John W. Kennedy charged Mr. Chapline with abstracting from the papers a note, and tell how he lawyered his case out of Court several times by his own ignorance, and tell that Kennedy swore the note was lost, after charging Chapline with stealing it, and afterwards found the note in

his own green bag."

It is not my habit to regard attacks couched in language so intemperate; but, in this nstance, perhaps, my failure to do so might e misconstrued, or taken as a tacit admission

There are two things which will at once ttract attention-the unprovoked nature of he assault upon me, and the fact that it is made by the authority of a person whom the editors of the Union style the Honorable. Joseph A. Chapline.

With that individual, for reasons which I leem satisfactory, I mean to have no contro-

versy of this sort. Any honorable man would have replied to the Spirit's editorial, if there was any reply necessary, over his own signature, and not shielded himself by placing the Berkeley Union between himself and danger. I leave him to the fit companionship of the editors of that paper, who think with him, that "he is unfit to be Judge," and of "those rebels who know that he has brains enough o spare me some."

I propose, briefly, to notice that portion of the editorial which alludes to my connection with, and management of the case of Renehan & Kirwin vs Jos. A. Chapline. And I only do this that the "facts may be told to

On the 19th day of November, 1864. Joseph A. Chapline gave a check to the firm of Renehan &Kirwin, merchants in the city of Baltimore, for \$607,25, (for merchandise purchased by Chapline of them.) and payaole at the Hagerstown Bank. This check was endorsed by Renehan & Kirwin and Bankers, and was sent by them to the Hagerstown Bank for collection. It was presented for payment at the counter of that Bank on the first day of December following, by M. S. Barber, Notary Public, and the Cashier of that Bank replied that "Mr. Jos. A. Chap-

line had no funds in Bank to pay the check,' It was thereupon protested for non-payment, and notices of protest sent by mail to the drawers and each of the endorsers. On the 3rd of January, 1865, Mr. Chapline paid on this check \$156,28, leaving, at that time, a balance due the firm of \$453,19. This check with notice of protest, was sent to me for collection, and suit was brought vs. Joseph A. Chapline to February rules 1866.

It was a plain action of debt on a protested Mr. Chapline was represented by able counsel who applied all the usual devices to put the case off from term to term, until at last it became evident that a trial must be had. Then, when all the honorable pleas were unavailing, Mr. Chapline filed an oath under the provisions of an act passed February 28th 1865-known as the "Suitors Oath" claiming that he was loyal, and asking an order dismissing the suit against him if, in thirty days thereafter, the firm of Renehan & Kirwin failed to file the oath required by the act of February 11, 1865. The effect of this oath, on the part of Mr. Chapline, was to charge Renehan & Kirwin with being disloval. If they could not file the oath required by that act, Mr. Chapline would thus get rid

of the payment of his honest debt. At the April term, 1867, the case was ready for trial; but, when I came to examine the papers, the check and notice of protest were missing. The Clerk, Mr. William A. Chapline made affidavit in writing, that I had filed the missing papers with the papers of the case at the preceding term. Like affidavit was made by me, stating that I had made diligent search among my own papers and the Court papers for the check and no-tice of protest, and, failing to find them, be-

lieved they were lost. The object of these affidavits, as any lawyer will see, was to lay the foundation for the introduction of secondary evidence to

Upon the reading of these papers to the Court, Mr. Chapline immediately sprang up and said "that he had not taken these papers and had nothing to do with their loss." which I replied "that I had not charged Mr. Chapline, or any one else, with the taking or loss of the papers," and expressed my ut-ter surprise that he should deny the taking before a charge to that effect had been made, and remarked that "it looked suspicious in view of his denial."

I determined to go to the jury upon secondary evidence of the contents of the lost check and notice of protest, and when the jury was sworn offered a witness to prove their contents. To the introduction of this evidence, Mr. Stanton objected, arguing that it was inad-missible. I replied submitting authorities.— The matter was finally submitted to the Judge, who, contrary to my expectations, decided that secondary evidence of the contents of the lost check might be given in evidence to the jury, but not that of the notice of protest. Under this ruling, I was obliged to suffer non-suit, in order not to lose the case finally. It was thus the case went out of Court. Not by my ignorance as the Union, by authority

of Hon. Jos. A. Chapline, asserts, but by the ruling of the Judge. The records of the Court will show that the case was never out of Court but that single says the Lexington Gazette & Banner, the | time. So the assertion that I "lawyered it out full particulars of the sad affair at Mr. Thos. | several times" has no foundation in fact. It Miller's about midway between Lexington is but another evidence of that brilliant fancy which emanates from the "spare brains" of

the Honorable Joseph A. Chapline.

Chapline with "stealing" the missing papers. And, it is, consequently, untrue that I did so "after having sworn they were lost." It is equally untrue that the missing papers were "found in my green bag." They were found by the Clerk of the Court among the papers of another case in which Mr. Chapline

It is untrue that I ever charged Jos. A.

and myself were opposing counsel. All these assertions made by authority of Mr. Joseph A. Chapline, if spoken would have blistered the tongue of any honorable man; printed, they show a heart blacker than the ink that gives them form.

If the history of this case proves anything, t proves Ast. That loyal, Honorable Joseph A. Chapline, in 1864, bought goods of a firm which he charged with being dis-loyal.

Sequitur. He traded with rebels.
2nd. That at the time of the purchase of these goods he gave a check, in payment therefor, upon a Bank in which he knew he had no funds to meet it.

Sequitur. Is not this obtaining goods under false pretence? 3rd. That \$453 19, with interest January 3, 1865, due Renehan & Kirwin.

remains unpaid to this day. Sequitur. That, if the Hororable Jos A. Chapline has "brains to spare," he has no spare money to pay his honest debts. His 'spare brains" therefore, are not worth \$453 19: and if Renehan & Kirwin had none but loyal debtors of the Joe Chapline stamp it is no great wonder they are said to be bankrupts. 4th. That in order to avoid the payment of an honest debt, he charged that he was loyal, and the firm with which he dealt dis-

loyal, and asked therefore, that the suit against him might be dismissed. Sequitur. That he has taken advantage of a law made only in the interest, and for the benefit of rascals; and, if this crowning act of infamy does not forever damn him in the estimation of all honorable and honest men, nothing which his "spare brains" can invent, or lead him to do, ever will. This plain, unvarnished statement of the facts in the case, with its necessary results, I leave to the candid judgment of the people.

JOHN W. KENNEDY. The affidavits are on file in the New Era

P. S .- I take this occasion to say that Mr Wm. A. Chapline's connection with this case has been of the most honorable kind, and that no blame whatever should attach to him. J. W. K.

STANTON'S GRIP.

The unyielding Stanton still maintaines his position in the war office. A correspondent

from Washington says :-It has been a matter of some speculation among the curious as to why Mr. Stanton continues to spend both night and day in the War department after all danger of his summary removal seems over. It appears that there are very good reasons to Mr. Stanton and his friends for this course. It has been learned that there are several prominent officials of the department who would consider it their duty, in case of the momentary absenceof Mr. Stanton, to obey any orders from Gen. Thomas, which the latter might issue as Secretary of War. This being the ease, Mr. Stanton and his friends in Congress have determined that he shall never leave his post for an instant until his status is satisfactorily settled.

MARRIED.

On the 11th ult , at Hopkinsville, Kv., by Rev. Mr. Keene, Mr. E. BOYD FAULKNER, of Mar-tinsburg, to Miss SUE CAMPRELL, of the former

On the 27th ult., at the residence of the bride'. father, near Arden, by Rev. D. Shoaff, Mr. AN-DREW J. FREYE to Miss CATHARINE LINTON both of Berkeley county. On Tuesday evening, the 18th of February, at Summit Point, W. Va., by Rev. D. A. Kuhn, Mr. CORNELIUS WHITINGTON to Miss ELLEN

HODGE On Thursday evening, the 20th of February, a the residence of the bride's parents, by the same Mr. JAMES G. HAYSLETT to Miss SARAH C GORDON-both of Berkeley county, W. Va.

Martinsburg papers please copy. On Tuesday, the 3d inst. at T. J. Locke's, by the same, Mr. ISAAC N. SMITH, of Frederick county Va., to Miss W. CATHARINE AMBROSE, of Jef Winchester "Times" please conv.

DIED.

In Charlestown, on Wednesday morning last the 4th inst., of Pneumonia, after a brief sickness, Mr. RICHARD A. MORRIS, in the 53d year of his In Baltimore, on the night of the 27th of Februa y, after a brief illness, Mrs. CATHARINE B. SEN

chester, in the 71st year of her age. At Porter's Factory, on the morning of February 27th, 1867, LAURA, daughter of Juseph and Jane

On Sunday morning, February 16th, CHARLES H. JOHNSON, son of A. J. Johnson, near Strider's Mill, in this county, aged about 12 years. The deceased was a great sufferer, having been afflicted with dropsy nearly the whole of his life. In Shepherdstown, on the 29th ult., of Consumption, Mr. JAMES M. SHEPHERD, son of the late James Shepherd, in the 45th year of his age.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

PATAPSCO GUANO.

WE believe this to be the best Corn Fertilizer in use. We have made arrangements to fill the orders of Messrs. Ranson & Duke at all the Railroad Stations

in Jefferson county.

We only ask a trial, and are confident as to the result.

NEALE, HARRIS & CO. Apply to RANSON & DUKE Agents, March 10, 1868-3m.

A CARD. TO OUR FRIENDS AND THE PUBLIC. WE are now adding to our large stock of IM-PLEMENTS and MACHINERY, a full and

complete line of GENERAL HARDWARE, embracing BUILDER'S HARDWARE, MECHAN-ICS TOULS, and CUTLERY of all kinds.
Our stocks of SEEDS and FERTILIZERS, are nusually fuil, and are of the most approved kinds. We are thankful for the generous patronage hith erto extended to our house, and we now ask a con tinuance of that patronage to ut in our new enterprize, promising on our part to spare no effort to merit it. Respectfully, RANSON & DUKE.

March 10, 1868. MONEY TO LOAN. THE JEFFERSON COUNTY BUILDING AS-A SOCIATION, will have money to loan on next SATURDAY EVENING, March 14th. The Board

of Directors will meet at 7 o'clock.
J. ED. DUKE, Sec'ry. March 10, 1868. CLOSING OUT SALE. FOR the next twenty days the undersigned will sell his ENTIRE STOCK OF GOODS at first

cost, consisting of

DOMESTICS, DRY GOODS FANCY GOODS, HOSIERY. READY-MADE CLOTHING. NOTIONS and BOOTS and SHOES at 25 per cent, less than

cost, wishing to discontinue the Boot and Shoe Trade. S A. HAMBURGER & CO. "Jefferson Building," Charlestown, W. Va. ESTRAY COW. CAME to the premises of the subscriber, two miles south of Charlestown, sometime in the

RED MULY COW, without any mark. She is an animal of good size. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take her away.

E. M. LACKLAND.

March 10, 1865—3ts.

FOR SALE. OFFER at private sale, on accommodating terms, FOUR HORSES and FOUR MARES, some of which are with foal, and ONE MULE.

Also, a lot of GOOD COWS, and a variety of

Having rented my Farm, is my reason for dis-posing of them. P. H. ROUSE. March 10, 1868-7t .- Free Press. NEW CASH STORE. AMBROSE W. CRAMER, Has resumed the Mercantile Business at his "Old Stand," where he is now receiving a supply of NEW GOODS, and invites the public to call and

FARMING IMPLEMENTS.

March 10, 1869. TURNER'S FLOUR, constantly for sale by March 10, 1868. A. W. CRAMER. OX-CART FOR SALE.—We have a No. 1, OX-CART, which we will dispose of for least than half its value.

March 10, 1868.

WEIRICK & WELLER.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

DISSOLUTION NOTICE. THE firm of J. M. JOHNSTON & CO., conducting business at Shannondale Factory, was dissolved by mutual consent on the lat day of January, 1868. The books and accounts of the firm are in the hands of James M. Johnston for settlement, and it is requested that all parties indebted to them will come forward and make immediate pay ment.

J. M. JOHNSTON,
R. C. JOHNTON.

JAMES M. JOHNSTON. AVING added some of the finest New Ma-In chinery to the Shannondale Factory, now in use in the Valley of Virginia, is prepared, and will

WOOLLEN GOODS. SUCH AS LINSEYS, FULLED AND PLAID. CLOTHS, CASSIMERES AND TWEEDS and with his improved and superior facilities, satisfied that he will be able to offer to the publian article of GOODS, that cannot be surpassed, ualled, by any other establishment.

JAS. M. JOHNSTON March 19, 1858--tf

LUMBER! LUMBER! HE undersigned is prepared to furnish, or OAK, HICKORY & WALNUT LUMBER.

BUILDING MATERIAL, FENCING PLANK, SHINGLES, &C. I have also on hand a good lot of WHITE OAK and HICKORY LUMBER, suitable for Wagon and Plough-Maker's purposes.

Any communication addressed to me at Charles town will receive prompt attention. Orders may also be left at the Mill, near Kearneysville, on the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad.

JOHN BURNS. March 10, 1868-3m.*-Register copy. ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.

THE undersigned, Administrators of Edward F. Tabb, deceased, will sell at Public Auction at the late residence of deceased. (Fountain Rock.) miles North-west of MARTINSBURG. ON TUESDAY, MARCH 24th, 1868. he following PERSONAL PROPERTY, consisting in part as follows, viz:

SIX HEAD OF VALUABLE DRAUGHT HORSES. 3 of which are young MARES with foal, 1 fine TELEGRAPH COLT, 2 years old,

SIX MILCH COWS. Durham and Kaizi, two of them fresh; 3 Heifers, of same stock, all with Calf, 1 DURHAM BULL, 15 HEAD OF YOUNG CATTLE.

The above Cattle cannot be surpassed in the county. I Brood Sow, Berkshire stock, 20 head

FARMING IMPLEMENTS. One four or six horse Wagon, with Bed and Bows, 1 two-horse Wagon and Bed, I Cart, I Water Cart, I two-seat Carriage, with shafts and pole, I Buggy, new, I Family Sleigh, I Threshing Machine [Geiser's patent,] good as new, and in perfect running order, one very large Machine Sheet, I Gum Spring Wheat Drill, with Guano attachment and Seed Sower, I Buckeye Reaper and Mower combined, has been used but one season, I, Revolving Horse Rake, I Corn Sheller, and Press, 2 Wheat Fans, 1 Fodder Cutter, 1 Cutting Box, 2 pair Grain Ladders, Wood Lad-Cutting Box, 2 pair Grain Ladders, Wood Ladders, Gearing and Chains, complete for six horses 6 setts of Plough Gears and Bridles, Cart Gears, double set of Carriage Harness, Buggy Harness, double set of Sleigh Harness, 2 strans of Bells, 1 Wagon Saddle, 1 Riding Saddle and Bridles, 3 three-horse Ploughs, 2 two-horse Ploughs, 3 single and 4 double shovel Ploughs, 2 Harrows, Corn Coverer, Treble, Double and Single Trees, a full and complete

a full and complete SET OF BLACKSMITH TOOLS,

2 SCREW PLATES. 1 SET OF CARPENTER TOOLS. Saddler's Horse and Tools, 1 Grindstone, geared, Jackscrew. large Horse Fork, Crowbars, Stedge Mattocks, Hoes, Forks, Rakes, &c., 1 cross cut Saw, I Circular Saw. I very large Iron Kettle, 11 Stand of Bees, a lot of Pine Lumber, 10,000

300 BUSHELS OF WHEAT. 300 TO 500 BUSHELS OF CORN. ABOUT 50 BUSHELS OATS.

to 20 TONS OF HAY, 50° Grain Sacks, 1 castiron Scoop, 6 Barrels of Cider Vinegar, 10 to 15 Bushels of Potatoes, I pair Patent Balances, HOUSEHOLD AND KITCHEN FURNITURE.

TERMS OF SALE. A credit of six months will be given or all sums of \$20 and upwards, with interest from date, the nterest remitted. The Grain and Hay will be sold for cash. No property to be removed until terms of sale are complied with.

J. W. TABB, Administrators. L. HOWARD, Auctionces March 10, 1869. Spirit of Jefferson insert twice, and send bill to

his office .- New Fra. PUBLIC SALE.

THE subscriber having rented his farm, will sell, on the premises, one mile South of Smith-field, on WEDNESDAY, 25th day of MARCH, 1868, STOCK & FARMING IMPLEMENTS. CONSISTING OF

HORSES AND CATTLE, Wheat Fan, Rolling Screen, Revolving Rake,
Wagons, Ploughs—Barshears, Double and Single Stovels—Harrows;
Gearing for farming operations, &c.
TERMS.—A credit of twelve months will be given on all sumsover ten dollars; for that amount

chasers to give bonds with approved security. The said bonds are to bear interest from the day of sale. No property to be removed until the terms t sale are complied with. MANN P. NELSON. J. W. McGinsis, Auctioneer.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE. S'Administrator of Mrs. Sarah E. Hurst, dec'd, A I will sell at Public Sale, at her late residence ear Duffield's Depot, ON WEDNESDAY MARCH 18th, 1868, the Personal Property of said dec'd, consisting of

2 Horses, one a good Brood Mare; 1 Colt, one year old; 2 Milch Cows, 4 head of Dry Cattle; 2 Brood Sows and 19 Shoats; I Page Plough, and several Single and Double Shovel Ploughs; 1 Harrow, Double and Sin9le Trees;

STOCK, FARMING IMPLEMENTS, &c.

Gearing for four Horses, 2 sets Plough Gears; Forks, Shovels, Hoes and Axes; I two-horse CARRIAGE and HARNESS; 1,000 POUNDS OF BACON; About 150 BUSHELS OF CORN; S TONS OF TIMOTHY HAY. TERMS OF SALE .- A credit of six months will be given oh all sums of \$5 and over, the purchaser giving bond and good security, the bonds to bear interest from date. Under that amount Cash.—For the Corn the cash will be required. Naproperty to be removed until terms are complied with.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock.

J. GARLAND HURST.

March 10, 1868.—Register copy.

TO THE COTTON, CORN & TOBACCO Growers of the Southern States.

EXCELSIOR WE again call the attention of the Farmers and VV Planters of the South to this tried and popular Fertilizer, assuring them that it is, as heretofore. THE MOST CONCENTRATED

FERTILIZER OFFERED FOR SALE. The experience of the most prominent Planters for the past eight years has demonstrated beyond all doubt that 100 pounds of Eicelsior is equal to about 200 to 300 pounds of any other Fertilizer or Guano in the growth of Cotton, Corn, Tobacco, Wheat, &c. We refer to every one who has used it to corroborate our assertion.

EXCELSIOR is in fine dry powder, prepared especially for drilling in any quantity, however small, per acre. Uniformity of quality guaranteed by the manufacturers.

J. J. TURNER & CO.

The Wa offer the above FERTILIZER to the Farmers of Jefferson and Clarke. The numerous certificates on hand will prove the efficacy of same. We can also supply COE'S. BAYNE'S. TOWN-SEND'S, and other Fertilizers that may be desired. We have also Poudrette, a cheap and valuable manure for Corn or Oats.

To these Fertilizers the attention of the Farmer is called and early orders solicited, as in some cases the supply has not equalled the deman i.

D. HUMPHREYS & CO.

March 10, 1868.—2m. PLOWS! PLOWS!

ONE HORSE PLOWS; 2 HORSE PLOWS;
3 Horse Plows; Hand Garden Plows;
All of the most approved patterns, and all warranted, for sale by RANSON & DUKE. March 10, 1868.

Spirit of Jefferson.

LOCAL MISCELLANY.

VALLEY TOWNS .- The local editor of the Valley Virginian, who seems to be an untiquarian in his tastes, is publishing biographical sketches of the different towns in the Shenandoah Valley. We copy what he has that interesting meetings are in progress in to say about our own town, and beg leave to the Presbyterian churches at Shepherdstown correct an error into which he has fallen and Elk Branch, conducted by Revs. Dr. with regard to our population. He puts it | Hamner and E. Bedinger at the former, and at 500 less than it really is. If he were to Revs. Silas Billings and Patterson Flotcher, visit us now, and witness the improvements at the latter place. on Market-House square, we reckon he would raise his figures. Again, in speaking of Martinsburg, he says it has a population of about 2,000, when it has really about 6,000. Here is what he says of Charlestown'-

Charlestown, Jefferson county, was established in October, 1786. It was laid off by Col. Charles Washington, brother of Gen. George Washington, on 80 acres of his own land. It was named after the Christian name of its original proprietor. It is situated on the W. P. R. R., and has about 1300 inhabitants, it is noted for the high tone of its society and for its unbounded hospitality. Its birth and bringing up, proves it a firstclass town; its enterprise and devotion now will make it second to no town in the Valley of Virginia. We hope other Valley towns will not be hurt at this notice of Charlestown. She is supposed to belong to West Virginia at present. Sir Walter Scott, said, (and if he didn't, he should have done so;) that "the knight who protects the outer gate of the Castle, deserves the most honor,"-and, then, our friend, Major W. J. Hawks, chief commissary for Stonewall Jackson, lives

Of our sister town, the present county seat he has the following:-

Shepherdstown, Jefferson county, on the. Potomac, was established in 1762. It was once called Mecklenburg, and is 12 miles above Harper's Ferry. It was laid off by Capt. Thomas Shepherd, and was first settled by German mechanics. It is remarkable as being the place where the first steam boat was constructed. In 1788, James Ramsey built a boat there, which was propelled by steam against a brisk current. Some of the remnants of the machinery are still in the town. Shepherdstown, is now the county seat of Jefferson so-called. Like Charlestown, she has a "knight who defends the outer gate," and deserves all the prosperity she has seen

since the war. Her population is about 900. We leave Zittle of the Register to deal with Garber for publishing Shepherdstown as a village of only 900 inhabitants. The thing

Money to Loan .- The Jefferson County Building Association, which has already loaned out over \$2,500 since the 1st day of January, advertises, through its Board of Directors, that there will be an additional sum to loan on Saturday evening next. When it is remembered that this money is to be expended in the erection of new buildings, or the repair of old-ones, in our midst, the claims of the association to public encouragement are presented in a stronger form than words can express. We are gratified to state that the association is still increasing its number of shares and that in every respect its condition is most prosperous.

SHANNONDALE FACTORY .- This factory, situated on the Shenandoah river, has passed under the sole control of our liberal friend, Mr. JAMES M. JOHNSTON, by whom it will hereafter be conducted. To be up with the times, and to enable him to compete with the best establishments of the country, in the manufacture of superior goods, Mr. J., has added new machinery of the latest pattern and most approved style, and hereafter the Woolen Goods of the Shannondale Factory will compare with any manufactured on this side the Atlantic .- We are gratified at the assurance that the first piece of goods manufactured on this improved machinery is to be made into a suit to adorn the person of the editor of the Spirit of Jefferson.

BALTIMORE COMMERCIAL COLLEGE. - We have purposely abstained from calling attention to the advertisement of this institution until we could satisfy ourselves of its merits. Several young men from this community have taken scholarships for the business course, and from them we learn that the system of instruction is thorough and complete. To those of our young men who contemplate preparing themselves for the business pursuits of life, we recommend this institution. See advertisement on 4th page.

GRADUATED .- Among the names of the graduates at the University of Maryland, on the 5th inst., we are glad to notice those of Messrs, Eugene F. Cordell, N. Anderson Ware, Pembroke Thomson, of this county, and Cyrus McCormick, of Clarke county .-These young gentlemen are represented to have graduated with great credit to themselves, and were highly complimented by Prof. N. R. Smith for proficiency in their several studies in the different branches of

GRAY JACKETS .- This is the title of a book that has recently come from the press of the National Publishing Company. We have not scen it, but understand that it is quite an interesting volume. Mr. JOHN W. DALGARN, who has undertaken the task of supplying our people with Southern Literature, is the Sums of \$10 and under the Cash will be required, agent for the work in this county, and will and no property to be removed until the terms of wait upon the people to secure their subscriptions to it. In his rounds he will act as : n agent for the Spirit of Jefferson, and his receipts for subscriptions will be regarded by us. Give him a welcome wherever he goes. as he is a worthy man.

THE LOST . FOUND .- From the Valley Virginian, published at Staunton, we copy the following, in the hope that it may meet the eye of some one interested :- A little boy aged about 10 years, was picked up by a Confederate soldier on the lines below Richmond, in the latter days of the war. He was an orderly for one of our Generals, and his pony had been taken by the Yankees. He said his name was Johnny Barrow, and that he lived near Newtown, Frederick County, Virginia, at a place called Cedarville; that his father had been killed, but his Grandfather was still living. His friends can hear of him by addressing this Office.

ONWARD. - The enterprising firm of Ranson & Duke, which has done its share in the rejuvenation of our community, have added to their Agricultural Warehouse, a Hardware Establishment, and invite the attention of purchasers to their full and complete assort-

RELIGIOUS .- We learn from the Register

SPECIAL NOTICES.

DENTAL NOTICE. DR. MC'CORMICK

WILL visit CHARLESTO WN, Professionally, on the SECOND MONDAY of March, May, July, September and No vember, and remain a week. Narcotic Spray, a Local Anasthetic, used in extracting teeth. Pebruary 25, 1868.

TO CONSUMPTIVES. The REV. EDWARD A. WILSON willsend (free of charge) to all who desire it, the prescription with the directions for making and using the simple remedy by which he was cured of a lung affection and that dreadful disease Consumption. His only bject is to benefit the afflicted, and he hopes every sufferer will try this prescription, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Please address REV. EDWARD A. WILSON; No 165 South Second Street, Williamsburgh, New York.

May 14, 1867-1y. INFORMATION.

Information guaranteed to produce a luxuriant towth of hair upon a bald head or beardless face, also a recipe for the removal of Pimples, Blotches, Eruptions, etc., on the skin, leaving the same soft clear, and beautiful, can be obtained without charge by addressing THOS. F. CHAPMAN, Chemist, May 14, 1867-1y. 823 Broadway, New York.

ERRORS OF YOUTH. A Gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the reand directions for making the simple remedy which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit the advertiser's experience, can do so by ad-essing, in perfect confidence, JOHN B. OGDEN, 42 Cedar street, N. York. May 14, 1867-19

PUBLIC SALES,

PUBLIC SALE.

TAVING determined to give up farming, I will sell at Public Auction, on MONDAY, MARCH 16th, 1868, (If fair, if not, the next fair day,) At my farm two miles from Summit Point, on th

Turnpike thence to Berryville, all my STOCK AND Farming Implements,

Consisting, in part, as follows: SEVEN HEAD OF WORK HORSES-THREE OF THEM MARES (two with foal) and one YOUNG STALLION; four Bur-

1 YOUNG RIDING MARE: One two year old Colt, two yearling Colts; ONE YOUNG MULE-broken to work. FIVE HEAD OF MILCH COWS;

One BLOODED HEIFER and Calf: One DURHAM BULL: One Yoke of 3 year old OXEN-well broken : One Yoke OXEN, younger; One Blooded HEIFER—fresh in two weeks; Six head Stock Cattle; Nine Ydarlings, 2 100 Head of Sheep-Many with Lambs

A LOT OF HOGS TIMOTHY HAY AND SEED OATS. Together with the usual Farming Implements-Wagons, Ploughs, Harrows, &c., &c.

TERMS OF SALE. A credit until the first day of September next, (six months and a half) will be given on all sums above \$10-the purchaser giving Bond and approved security, with interest from date unless paid at maturity, when the interest will be remit-Sums of \$10, and under, Cash. Hay and No property to be removed until the terms of sale

Oats Cash. Sale to begin at 92 o'clock. H. N. PENDLETON.

PUBLIC SALE.

AVING quit farming, I will sell at Public Auc tion, at my residence three miles North of pherdstown, on the road leading to Terrapin THURSDAY, MARCH 19th, 1868, ALL MY

STOCK & FARMING UTENSILS, Consisting, in part, as follows :-SEVEN HEAD OF WORK HORSESfour of them Mares, two of them with foal, and among them are three good Barshear THREE COLTS one two-year old Filly, two

one-year old; TWFLVE HEAD OF CATTLE—among, them some fresh Milch Cows, one full bred Durham and on Bull. This is a choice lot of Improved Cat tle, being crosses of the Ayrshire and Alderny THIRTY-ONE HEAD OF SHEEP-thirty of them ewes; some of them have lambs; the Buck is full bred Cotswold. and all the Ewes are half

TWO BROOD SOWS: TWENTY-THREE STOCK HOGS; One first rate Road Wagon and Bed complete One low-wheeled do. One large Iron-Soled Sled, Two pair of Shelvings, One No. I Spring Wagon with Spread Shafts

ONE WHEAT REAPER. (Champion Self Raker;) One Gum Spring Drill-Willoughby's patent; One Buggy Spring Tooth Horse Rake, One Cider Mill-Sinclair's patent; One Wheat Fan-Runyan's make;

Three Barshear Ploughs-two of them Coulter Four Double and four Single Shovel Ploughs: Three Harrows-two of them large; A lot of extra Wagon Wheels, A quantity of Old Iron, Six full setts of Wagon Gears, all the Traces

which are of Furley's thake; Six setts of Plough Gears. One Fifth Chain and one Bearing Chain-Fur-'s make; Two Log Chains, One No. 1 Jackscrew, Grain Cradles,

Forks, Rakes, and Farming Tools generally, Fifty good Bags, One sett of Double Harness for sleigh or buggy ONE SET OF BLACKSMITH TOOLS,

first rate; One No. 1 Grindstone, The best Cross Cut Saw in the county, A lot of Seed Potatoes, also about 65 or 70 Acres of Wheat in the Ground, And many other articles.

TERMS OF SALE. A credit of Nine Months will be given on all sum over \$10, the purchaser giving bund and approved security, and if the notes are not paid punctually Sale to commence at 10 o'clock.

ZEPHENIAH BANE G. D. McGuncy, Auctioneer.

PUBLIC SALE OF TIMBER. VILL sell at Public Sale, on the premises, on SATURDAY, MARCH 21st, 1868, SEVEN ACRES OF

GOOD TIMBER. on the land now occupied by Mr. Isaac Heidwold. Any time after this week, the timber will be laid n ONE ACRE Lots, and can then be examined TERMS CASH, 03- Sale to commence at 2 o'clock, P. M. March 3, 1868. JOHN W. HURST.

MONTGOMERY'S PATENT. ADJUSTABLE TINE. HAY AND MANURE FORK. A NEW invention, surpassing anything of the kind heretofore introduced, for sale by February 25, 1868. D. HUMPHREYS & CO.

GARDEN SEEDS. RESH and reliable Garden Seeds, just received and for sale by CAMPELL & MASON. February 25, 1868. MISCELLANEOUS

IMPORTANT DISCOVERY!



"POULTERERS' FRIEND, A CERTAIN CURE FOR

GAPES IN CHICKENS & TURKEYS. Will prevent and cure Chicken Cholera, and other Diseases common to Poultry, and will promote an increase of Fat. Full Directions Accompany Each Package. PRICE 25 CENTS.

THE annexed are a few of the certificates we have A received in proof of the great value and effi-cacy of the Poulterer's Friend. CARROLLTON, BALTIMORE COUNTY, MD., ?

December 16th, 1867.

Messrs Clotworthy & Co.:

Gentlemen:—I have used your "Poulterers' Friend" upon a brood of young chickens that had the gapes, and am happy to say, that by the use of a few doses they were entirely cured. It will certainly cure the gapes when used according to directions. Yours &c.,

February Telemont Telemont Charles and Co. Harman. December 16th, 1867. ANNAPOLIS, Mo., February 7th, 1868.

Messrs Ciotuorthy & Co.

Gentlemen:—I have sold all the "Poulterers" Friend" I received from you last August. The poultry in the surrounding country was dying very fast with "Cholera." I recommended your "Poulterers" Frierd," and as far as I could learn, it has proved a cure for the disease. Respectfully, W. R. Goodman. BALTIMORE, February 2d, 1868.

Messrs Clotworthy & Co:

My chickens were dying very fast with what my neighbors called "Chicken Cholera." I was induced to try your "Poulterers' Friend." and it worked like a charm. I gave it as directed, and it cured those that were then sick, and I have not seen any symptoms of the disease since. Yours, &c.,
B. MENCKEN, Cross and Warner streets. JEFFERSON, FREDERICK COUNTY, MD., ?

July 22d, 1867. Messrs. Clotworthy & Co., Baltimore: Gents.:—The wonderful cures which have been made by your "Poulterers' Friend" can not fail to interest all who raise Poultry. A gentleman of this village has been experimenting on chickens with the gapes. He tried your "Poulterers' Friend" according to the directions, and it had the desired effect in destroying the worm, effectually relieving the chicken at once. Since then I have had many calls for it, and it has been used extensively with the same result. It is of incalculable value to all who raise Poultry. Respectfully, A. Spencer. For sale by AISQUITH & BRO., Charlestown.

Manufactured only by CLOTWORTHY & CO. 339 Baltimore Street, BALTIMORE, MD. (3- A liberal discount allowed, when purchased

March 3, 1868-6m. D. BUMPHREYS & JAS. LAW. HOOFF. Agricultural Implements. FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC



HARDWARE. CHARLESTOWN, VA.

AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT, RUSSELL'S REAPER & MOWER. Separate or Combined—with either Rake or Drop per—for which we are Distributing Agents. RUSSELL'S THESHER & SEPA-RATOR, AND HORSE POWER,

Also Sole Agents for NATIONAL & HOOSIER FODDER CUTTER. The most popular machine in the West. Latest and most highly improved CIDER MILL

PLOWS and PLOW CASTINGS. GRAIN DRILLS. With and without Guano Attachment. One that OHIO GRINDSTONES, direct from miners and manufacturers, with or without Fixtures and PUMPS-all kinds-for Wells or Cisterns; Water Drawers, Chain and Tubing. FAIRBANKS' AND PITTSBURG SCALES, at manufacturers' prices. CRADLES AND SCYTHES-English and Ameri

PATENT ADJUSTIBLE TINE, PITCH AND MA-NURE FORKS-latest inventior CORNSHELLERS, Snathes, Wire and Wood Tooth Horse Bakes, Scoops, Shovels, Whet Stones, Briar and Bush Hooks, and Scythes. CHURNS OF ALL KINDS, and many other Machines and Tools, useful to Farmers and others. · ALSO

TURNERS AMMONIATED PHOSPHATE & EXCELSIOR GUANO. Other brands at wholesale prices.

HARDWARE DEPARTMENT CONSISTS OF IRON, STEEL, HORSE SHOES, MULE SHOES, HORSE NAILS, RASPS, BRACES, BITTS, AUGURS. GIM-LETS, ADZES, AXES, COM-PASSES, CALIPERS, BOR-ING MACHINES,

MORTISE MACHINES, JACK SCREWS, CHAINS, RAKES, HAMES, TROW-SCYTHES, NAILS,

SPIKES, LOCKS, HINGES BOLTS, FILES, CHISELS, LEVELS, PLANES, BEVELS, AN VILS, BELLOWS, VISES, SCREW PLATES, TIRE BENDERS, SCREW WRENCHES, FORKS, SHOVELS, SCOOPS, MAT-

TOCKS, PICKS, HOES, RULES, CROSS, CUT SAWS MILL SAWS.CIRCULARSAWS, Hook-Tooh Saws, Hand Saws, Compass Saws, Whip Saws, Hatchets, Hammers, Draw Knives, Trimmings, Shoe Findings, Masona'

Tools, Brushes, Cordage, Handles,
Cutlery, Drills, Scales,
With many Housekeeping and Furnishing Goods both American and Imported.

Thankful for past favors, we solicit orders for the bove named goods.
March 3, 1868. D. HUMPHREYS & CO.

Bee Hives.

THE undersigned having purchased the right and

entire and complete control of LANGSTROTH'S PATENT BEE HIVES. for the county of Jefferson, are prepared to furnish said Hives, made in the best manner of seasoned material with recent improvements, to all who may want them. For their merit and great superiority over any and all other hives, we refer to any and a persons who have them in use, of whom there are many in this vicinity. We can youch for over three hundred pounds of pure virgin Honey having been taken from three of these Hives in 1865, besides leaving an abundant supply for the winter use of the bees in the lower or breeding department. As there are some persons in this county who have these Hives in use who have no papers to show their authority for using them, we hereby notify the that we will place our claims for their use, with damages, in the hands of a Lawyer for settlement in the United States Court, if they disregard this notice by not obtaining the proper authority from us. We have paid our money for this right, and do not intend that it shall be used by any one without authority and payment of the patent fee. There is but one add to this question before the United States Courts, where the costs are very heavy, independent of damages. As we are reluctant (though determined) to take this course, we hope no one will disregard this notice. This patent has been extended for seven years from the 5th of October, 1866. We also caution all persons (not authorized) against manufacturing said Hives in this county.
We have ordered some of Langstroth's new work on the Honey Bee, and expect soon to have them for sale.

KEARSLEY & SHEERER.

January 14, 1868.

FRESH GARDEN SEEDS. JUST received, a large supply of Garden Seeds for the coming season, which we warrant to be fresh and of the best quality.

Feb. 25, 1868.

AISQUIRE & BRO. INEN Collars and Cuffs, Hoods, Scarfs, Gloves, A for sale by Sc., for Ladies. Neck-ties and Cuffs for Gentlemen, and many other additions to our stock of

notions, just opened by D. HOWELL. PRESH GARDEN SEEDS of all sorts, for sale by March 3, 1865. D. HUMPHREYS & CO.

REAL ESTATE.

The "Cave Farm" FOR SALE. THIS very productive Farm, belonging to the heirs of the late Andrew Kennedy, is offered at Private Sale. This farm lies two miles South of

400 Acres of as rich Limestone Land as can be found in the Shenandcah Valley; some 80 acres of which is 32. HEAVILY TIMBERED. It is divided into six fields, for cultivation, of equal size, exclusive of the House Grounds and Orchard. THE IMPROVEMENTS

abundant for the uses of the farm. The main contains Eight Rooms. The TENANT-HOUSE, SERVANTS' QUARTERS, BARN. CORN-HOUSE, BLACKSMITH SHOP, and other Out-Buildings, are in good condition. THE ORCHARD IS A LARGE ONE.

filled chiefly with prime and healthy APPLE and PEACH TREES, of approved varieties.

This tract of land is nearly square in form, and is susceptible of division into two equal parts, by a lane which runs from the farm buildings to the centre of the wood land; and bids will be received for the whole, or either half of it. Persons desirous of purchasing are requested to call on John Selden, on the premises, who will take pleasure in showing the property, and describing the proposed mode of division; and the terms can be ascertained either from him or the undersigned,

acting for the other heirs.

March 3, 1868. ANDREW E. KENNEDY. DESIRABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE. THE heirs of the late Andrew Kennedy, Toffer for sale the property in this town now in the occupancy of John W, Kennedy. The LOT contains an ACRE OF GROUND, and is improved with a commediate of the sale and the s

modious and substantially built Dwelling House, and necessary OUT-BUILDINGS. The Dwelling House has six rooms, exclusive of those in the base-ment, and is in good condition, having been re-paired thoroughly during the past year. The terms of sale will be cash on the lst of next month, on which day possession can be had. Any information as to price, &c., can be obtained from John W. Kennedy, on the premises, or from the undersigned.

ANDREW E. KENNEDY, March 3, 1868. Acting for the Heirs.

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE. THE undersigned, as Executor of Joseph Lambert, deceased, offers at private sale. THE VALUABLE PROPERTY

at Zoar Church, on the Charlestown and Shep-herdstown road—four miles from Charlestown and one and a quarter miles from Duffield's Depot, in Jefferson County—consisting of Two Dwelling Houses, One nearly new—recently built—with all the necessary Out-Buildings. Also, on the

BLACKSMITH & WAGON-MAKER SHOPS. About one acre of ground is attached to this Pro-perty. This is one of the best stands in the County for the Blacksmithing and Wagon Making Busi-The above property will be offered at Private Sale

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 25, 1868. and if not sold before that time, it will then be offered at PUBLIC SALE TERMS.—One-half of the purchase money to be paid on the day of sale, and the balance in two equal annual payments, the purchaser giving bond with approved security, with interest from day of sale.

JAMES LAMBERT, Executor of Joseph Lambert, dec'd.

PUBLIC SALE

Building Lots. S Agent of Mrs. BETTIE R. BOTTS I will sell, at Public Auction, at 10 o'clock, on

SATURDAY, MARCH 21, 1868, In front of Maj. Hawka' Coach Factory, Five Building Lots In the town of CHARLESTOWN, W. VA., lying between Liberty Street and the town Alley, and fronting on George Street.

All of the lots have a front on George Street of Filty feet, and vary in depth from 100 to 150 feet.

The lots will be sold by numbers a laid down on plat, to be seen at Ranson & Duke's.

TERMS.—One-fourth CASH—the remainder in One Two and These years with interest from details.

One, Two and Three years, with interest from date, deferred payments to be secured by Deed of Trust on the property. Title perfect. A. R. H. RANSON. Feb. 25, 1863. [SAMUEL WALTON.

Attorney at Law.

************* Smith & Walton, (Successors of Richardson & Walton,) REAL ESTATE AGENTS, RE prepared to attend to all business pertain

1 ing to the PURCHASE and SALE of FARMS, MILLS, HOUSES, LOTS, AND OTHER PROPERTIES. We are ADVERTISING LARGELY throughout ihe Northern and other States, and are daily re-ceiving communications from parties who wish to buy property in Virginia and West Virginia. We most respectfully solicit those wishing to sell to give us atrial. We promise our every exertion in bring-ing your property before the public so as to facili-tate its sale. We are now preparing a CIRCU-LAR. Send us description of your property with price and terms, and we will have it in the market

next Spring.
NO SALE NO CHARGE. Properties sold in all parts of the country through Reliable Agents. Special attention to settlement of taxes on and sale of Western Lands. All kinds of CONVEYANCING attended to. Address SMITH & WALTON, Charlestown, Jefferson Co., W. Va.

P. S .- Office in Bank Building. February 4, 1868.

LAND AGENCY. I HAVE associated with me as my agent at Hall-town, on the W. & P. R. R., Daniel B. Lucas, Esq., who will attend to the sale of all lands en-trusted to him in that end of the county. To pur-chasers of such lands as he may advertise, he will afford facilities and conveyance to look at the same, and give them an opportunity to consult well known udges of lands lying in the caunty.

December 3, 1867. S. HOWELL BROWN.

WE DO NOT PRETEND TO SELL AT Baltimore Prices. BUT WE DO SELL

Jouvan's best Gents' Xid Gloves, . \$1.25 Genuine Buck Gauntlets & Gloves, 1.25, 1.50 Nett Shirts and Drawers, (Merino,) Best Red Flannel Shirts & Drawers, 1.25 1.75 PRIME N. ORLEANS MOLASSES, \$1.25 Ladies' Kid Finish Berlin Lincal

Lisle Thread Gloves. Ladies' and Misses' Hoods, 50 to 1.00 Balmoral Skirts, 1.25 to 2.75 Best Cotton Hose, 121 to 25

CALICOS AND COTTONS, as they can be purchased in the Valley of Virginia, at a living profit. GROCERIES OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS as cheap as they can be had elsewhere, for Cash or Country Produce. Call and see. TRUSSELL & CO. Feb. 11, 1868.

SECURE THE SHADOW. ERE THE SUBSTANCE FADES. ND accordingly the citizens of Charlestown (opposite the Carter House, lately Diehl's Marble Yard,) where I will be pleased to wait on them and PHOTOGRAPH their faces as faithfully as the Camera, assisted by a properly managed light, can do. Call and try me, and I will do my best to lease. ALLEN F. HALL.
P.S.—Wantel—a small House. A liberri rent will be paid. Apply at Hall's Gallery.

December 24, 1867—3m.

BEST MARYLAND LIME. IME, for sale by the Barrel, for white-washing and by the Car-load for building purposes.
Feb. 11, 1868—3m. W. J. HAWKS, Ag't. NOTICE.

OUR accounts are ready for settlement—those persons indebted will please call and square up. As the been sufferers by the credit system, we must hereafter do a CASH busines Thirty days' credit given to prompt customers. Jan. 28, 1868. MILLER & SMITH. CLOVER SEED. FRESH and Clean Article, just received and

KNITTING COTTON.—Bleached, Unbleached and Blue Mixed Knitting Cotton—all numbers For sale by KEARSLEY & SHEERER. for sale by Jan. 28, 1868.

HARPER'S FERRY TRADE

HARPER'S FERRY CLOTHING

GENERAL"FURNISHING STORE

For Gentlemen, Youth and Children. THE undersigned takes pleasure in informing the public that he has just received, and will confinde to keep constantly on hand, a large and well selected Stock of the best Made up LOTHING FOR FALL AND WINTER WRAN all kinds of Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, Notions, Trunks, Valises, Satch, els, &c., &c., &c.

PRICES IN PART. Suit of Coat, Pants and Vest, complete, Sink Mixed Cassimere, \$15; Black Cloth Suit, \$12 to 23; Grey Harrison Cassimere Suit, \$17; Fulled Linkey Suit, \$10; Separate portions of Suit at Ratable Prices.

Being enabled to buy my Goods of the first and best Manufacturers in the Country, I positively ay I can offer BETTER and CHEAPER GOODS in my line than have ever been sold in this neighborhood.

Thankful for past favors, I respectfully solicit a continuance of public patronage, and will endeavor to merit the same. I respectfully request buyers to call before purchasing elsewhere and determine for themselves if I do not sell cheaper the same unality of general themselves. quality of goods than any one lise possibly can,
M. ROSENBERG, Shenandoah St.,
Opposite Dr. O'Donnell's Office and Residence,
September 24, 1867—tf. Harper's Ferry. CLOTHING!

CLOTHING!! CLOTHING!! THE undersigned takes pleasure in informing the public that he has just received and opened a well selected stock of

FALL AND WINTER CLOTHING GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, ATS & CAPS, BOOTS & SHOPS, SATCHELS, TRUNKS & NOTIONS, which he would respectfully invite the attention of those who wish to buy a good article, at low rates. Persons will do well to call and examine, as he s determined to please patrons.

JOHN L. SCHILLING,

Opposite Shenandoah Hotel, Harper's Ferry, Va. N. B.—Special attention paid to custom work, at short notice. A fine lot of samples always on hand. September 24, 1867.

LEATHER! LEATHER!! THE undersigned takes pleasure in informing the public that he has just received, and will continue to keep constantly on hand, a LARGE AND WELL SELECTED STOCK OF

Leather

Consisting of Oak and Hemlock Sole, Calf Skins, Kips, Upper, Buff and Split, Moroccos, Linings, Toppings and Bindings. Thankful for past favors, I respectfully solicit a continuance of public patronage, and will endeavor to merit the same. I respectfully request buyers to call before purchasing elsewhere, and determine for themselves if I do not sell cheaper the same quality

of goods than any one else possibly can.

JOHN H. HODGES.

Gault House, Harper's Ferry, Va. .Feb. 25, 1863. STOVES. HAVE as cheap as the market outside of Balti-more or Wheeling will allow, a very large and complete assortment of

COOK AND HEATING STOVES, with the appurtenances complete for each. The stock consists in part of
Nos. 7,8 and 9—Ranger Cook Stove;
" 7,8 and 9—Diamond Rock do.;
" 7,8 and 9—Crescent do; 7,8 and 9—Kunsas 7,8 and 9—Brilliant 7,8 and 9—Defiance

3 and 4—Comet, Heating
3 and 4—Equator The castings of these stoves are heavy, and will last a long time without any repair. Call and examine the assortment, and I am sure my customers will be satisfied with the prices, as well as the stoves, of which I have a large number, particularly of the Ranger Stoves. This pattern being highly approved, I have purchased thirty of them.

JAMES McGRAW. Harper's Ferry, October 1, 1867.

OUT OF ABOUT ONE HUNDRED STORES IN JEFFERSON COUNTY, there is not one that has got anything to buy, but all have got some-thing to sell. Some advertise for sale Cheese and Crackers, and Red Herrings. Happy fellows, to have such luxuries at hand.

Here we have got nothing to sell, but all to buy. Here we have got nothing to sell, but all to buy. You are therefore advised, my dear reader, that if you have got any of the following articles to dispose of, you can get for the same, from Confederate Scrip down to Gold, Cash on delivery, to wit:— Corn, in all its forms and shapes, (even in liquid state) Potatoes, Apples, Onions, Beans, Butter, Eggs, and Bacon, (Hams, Shoulders or Sides.)

Address, in person or by letter, "The Faenchman," or;

J. M. DECAULNE,

Harner's Farry W. Va. Feb. 18, 1868-3m.

Harper's Ferry, W. Va., Feb. 18, 1868-3m. HARPER'S FERRY DRUG STORE.

THE undersigned having purchased the Drug Store formerly conducted by Mr. Lajoy, at the corner of Shenandoah and High streets, Harper's Ferry, respectfully informs the public that he designs giving his exclusive care and attention to its proper management. The stock has already been largely replenished, and will be added to from time to time as necessity may

G-PRESCRIPTIONS carefully compounded, and orders respectfully solicited. C. E. BELLER. Harper's Ferry, October 8, 1867. MEDICATED JUNIPER TAR, a certain, relia-ble and speedy cure for Coughs, Colds, and all kinds of diseases of Throat and Lungs. Price 35 cents. For sale by C. E. BELLER,

MAW & SON'S new style of Nursing Bottle, decidedly the best in use, for sale by Feb. 18. C. E. BELLER. FISK'S PATENT METALIC



Burial Cases.

THE Case is octogonal in form and though com-posed entirely of metal, is finished so that it presents the appearance of highly polished Rose-wood; Air-Tight and Indestructible for protecting and preserving the dead. For sale by
G. W. SADLER,
March 3, 1868—3m.* Charlestown, Va.

SOLUBLE PACIFIC GUANO. FARMERS intending to fertilize their CORN CROPS will find this GUANO equally well

adapted to that as to other CROPS. It can be applied either in the hill or broadcast. Applied in the hill it gives the crop a healthy and vigorous start.—
A broadcast application sustains the crop better through the season, and is to be preferred except where the soil is good.

JOHN S. REESE & CO., Gen'l Agents. RANSON & DUKE, Agents at Charlestown, Va. We refer with confidence to the following gentle-

men who (among many others in the county) have used this Guano:
Rev. W. T. Leavell, Joseph Knode, Esq., W. A.
Shaw, Esq., Frank Osborn, Esq., Col R. W. Baylor, C. J. Manning, Esq., A. C. Timberlake, Esq.,
E. B. Hsines, Esq., T. H. Wysong, Esq., Craven
Trussell, Esq., Randolph Custer, Esq., Charles Aglionby, Esq., Keyes & Cockrill, J. M. Ranson
RANGON & DILLE RANSON & DUKE. February 18, 1868-3m.

TO THE FARMER.

RECENT experience has proven that a good upon any other crop. Besides pushing the plant to an early maturity, and enabling it to stand successfully the drought of Summer, experience has proved that ZELL'S RAW BONK renders it proof against the ravages of insects which of late years against the ravages of insects which of late years have destroyed so much of the product of the Farmer's labor. We refer to Messrs. A. C. Timberlake, C. J. Manning Col. F. Yates, G. W. Eichelberger, J. F. Abell. James L. Griggs, T. H. Willis and J. L. Craighill, and request that you will call upon our Agents, Messrs. RANSON & DUKE, and get a pamphlet containing their certificates?

P. ZELL & SONS. P. ZELL & SONS. RANSON & DUKE, Agents at Charlestown.

GARDEN SEEDS. PRESH and reliable Early York and Oxbeart Cabbage Seed, Tilden Tomato, Key's Early
Prolific Tomato (new variety) Large Sweet Spanish Pepper, and other seeds for the Hot Bed, just
received and for sale by RANSON & DUKE,
Feb. 18, Agricultural and Seed Store. JUST received a new supply of Cloths and Cassimeres, to which I ask the attention of buyers.

Prices greatly reduced.

D. HOWELL.

DUCK Gloves and Gauntlets, Sheep Skin do., for

D. HOWELL.

BALTIMORE CARDS.

M. Hirsch & Co., LADIES' AND GENTS' Furnishing Goods, FANCY GOODS, HOSIERY, NOTIONS, &C. 278 West Baltimore Street,

BALTIMORE. 35 Job Lots received daily from New York January 14, 1868-3m.

A. Goodman, WHOLESALE MANUFACTURER

Men's and Boys' Clothing, 265 Baltimore Street, (Up Stairs.) January 14, 1868-3m. BALTIMORE.

LEWIS SNELLENBERG.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN Ladies' & Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods, CLOAKS, SHAWLS, HOOP SKIRTS AND MIL-

LINERY GOODS

No. 25 North Eutaw Street,

(Between Lexington and Fayette Streets,) BALTIMORE, MD. January 7, 1868-3m. A ugustine J. Smith, A. R. Boteler, A. F. Robertson, LYNCHBURG, VA.

SMITH. BENNETT & CO., GENERAL REAL ESTATE, Foreign and | Domestic Agents No. 5, ST. PAUL STREET.

BALTIMORE, MD. HAVING established ourselves in the city of Bal-Southern States, and also in Europe, we will buy and sell Improved and Unimproved Lands in the Southern and Western States, especially in the States of Virginia and West Virginia. We have superior facilities for disposing of Mineral Property and large competurates Land suitable for the settlement of Imnerals.

We will give especial attentice to the Purchase, Sale and Rent of Real Estate in the city, and persons locating or making Investment to their advantage to concult us. NO CHARGE UNLESS ACTUAL SERVICE IS ENDEREL December 24, 1867—6m.

[HENRY DUVALL.] DUVALL & IGLEHART, Commis'n Merchants AND AGENTS FOR THE SALE OF LEAF TOBACCO, GRAIN,

Flour and Produce Generally, ALSO DEALERS IN FERTILIZERS, GUANO, SEEDS, &c. No. 60 South Street, BALTIMORE. December 3, 1867-6m!

B. HOUGH. J. G. RIDENGUR. N. R. LANGDON. HOUGH. RIDENOUR & LANGDON COMMISSION MERCHANTS FOR THE SALE OF GRAIN, FLOUR, SEEDS, PORK, BACON

LARD, COTTON, TO BACCO, RICE LEATHER, WOOL, FEATHERS, ROSIN, TAR, TURPENTINE, GINSENG, BUTTER, EGGS, &c., &c. NO. 124 SOUTH EUTAW STREET [OPPOSITE BALT. O. R. B. DEPOT.] BALTIMORE. ORDERS for all kinds of Merchandise, Salt Fish, Plaster, Guano, and the various Fertilizers and Farming Implements, promptly filled.

REFERENCES: HOPKINS, HARNDEN & KEMP, Baltimore. CANBY, GILPIN & Co., BROOKS, FAHNPSIOCE & Co., PENNIMAN & BRO., DANIEL MILLER, Pres. Nat. Exc. Bank, Bal'more C. W. Button, Esq., Lynchburg, Va. M. Greenwood & Son, New Orleans. STOW & BERKLEY, Lowell, Ohio. DAVIS, ROPER & Co., Petersburg, Va. DAVIS, ROPER & CO., 1 C., P. R. H. MILLER, Alexandria, Va. [August 20, 1867.

THOS. H. HANSON. Furniture, Chair, DESK MANUFACTURER. Wholesale and Retail. No. 11 South Calvert Street,

Corner Lovely Lane, BALTIMORE. ZEPS constantly on hand, of his own Manufac K ture, Furniture and Chairs of all kinds, Whole sale and Retail, Parlor and Chamber Sets, Mattrass es, Looking Glasses, &c., at Prices that cannot fail July 30, 1867-17.

Maltby House. A. B. MILLER, PROPRIETOR, BALTIMORE, MD. July 30, 1567-1y*.

NEW AND BEAUTIFUL. MRS. A. C. MITCHELL & CO., GRATEFUL for the liberality with which they have been sustained, notify the public that they are in receipt of their full stock of NEW AND RICH MILLINERY, sisting of BONNETS of the latest patterns, HATS of the most improved style, and a rich stock of TRIMMINGS, such as Flowers, Feathers, Velvets. Ribbons, Buttons, &c. They invite the Ladies of the town and surround ing country to give them a call, with the assurance that they are prepared to offer inducements no surpassed by any similar establishment in the Val

October 22, 1867. GREAT ATTRACTIONS IN MILLINERY MISS MAGGIE JOHNSON. WOULD state, for the information of the Ladies of Charlestown and vicinity, that she has recently jeturned from Baltimore with a full and

SÉASONABLE MILLINERY GOODS, composed of articles the most fashionable and be Gents' Furnishing Goods, Hats, &c., at greatly coming. She especially invites the attention of BONNETS, HATS, FLOWERS, FEATHERS, &c., all of which she means to sell at the most reasonable igures to those who favor her with their custom. With the determination that her work shall com

mend itself for taste and utility, she confidently anticipates a liberal share of public patronage. AUCTIONEER'S NOTICE.

THE undersigned offers his services to the people I of Jefferson as an AUCTIONEER. He will attend PUBLIC SALES, and perform the usual duties of an Auctioneer upon the most reasonable terms; and will exert himself in the interest of the parties cancerned. Letters addressed to me at Harper's Ferry, or left at the Spirit of Jefferson Office, will receive prompt attention.

J. D. POTTERFIELD.

December 17, 1867-3m.

THE undersigned, Executor of the estate of Jo-A seph Lambert, deceased, desires to give notice that persons having claims against said state, are requested to bring them forward, duly all thenticated, for settlement. Those indebted to said estate, will be required to psy the same before the 25th of March; if not settled before that time, their accounts will be placed in the hands of a proper offi-cer for collection. JAMES LAMBERT, Feb. 25, 1868—td. Executor.

NOTICE.

NOTICE.

HAVING qualified as Administrator of the estate of the late JAMES W. CAMPBELL, I hereby notify all persons indebted to said estate to come forward and make payment at once. Those having claims against the estate, are requested to present them at once, properly authenticated, for settle-The unsettled official business of the decease

Bills, &c., are requested to make immediate p ment. JOHN H. CAMPBELL, January 21, 1863. Administrator Administrator. NEW GOODS. MY Stock has just been replenished by the addition of many SEASONABLE GOODS. Bought since the decline, they will be sold accordingly.

Jan. 23, 1363.

H. L. HEISKELL. BALTIMORE CARDS.

Plano-Fortes. CHARLES M. STIEFF. MANUFACTURER of First Premium GRAND and SQUARE PIANOS. Pactories 84 and 86 Camden street, and 45 and 47 Perry street, near Baltimore and Ohio Railroad. WARE-ROOMS, No. 7, North Liberty street, above Baltimore, Bal No 7. North Liberty street, above Haltimore, Barrimons, Md.

Has always on hand the largest stock of PIANOS in the city. My new Grand Scale Over-strong Agraffe Treble Pianos are pronounced by the amateurs and professors to be the best Piano manufactured. We warrant them free of every fault for five years, and the privilege of exchange within twelve months, it not entirely satisfactory to the nurchaser.

SECOND-HAND PIANOS. always on hand—350 to \$300, MELODEONS and PARLOR ORGANS from the best makers.
We have permission to refer to the following persons who have our Pianos in use—DS Rentch, Wm Rush. W G Butter, Richard C Williams, Dennis Daniels. Benjamin F Harrison, in Jefferson county, and James L Cunningham, S C Cunningham, Jacob Seibert, Benjamin Speck, Andrew Bowman, George Hoke, Jacob Miller, Charles R Coe, James Denny, Lemuel Campbell, Rev Mr Hair, in Berkeley county.

ley county.

Of For further particulars, apply to BF HAR RISON, Agent, Shepherdatown.

Terms liberal. A call is solicited.

October 2, 1866—1y.

NOAH WALKER & CO., WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

CLOTHIERS. Washington Building,

165 AND 167 BALTIMORE STREET. BALTIMORE.

are now offering their Entire Stock at the Lowest Prices since 1860. Special attention paid to orders for Suits or gle Garmenta.

Jan. 15, 1867-1y. BENJAMIN WASKEY. MANUFACTURER OF Cabinet Furniture. Offers at reduced prices, at his extensive WAREROOMS, NO. 3, N. GAY STREET,

AND EXTENDING TO O. 6, NORTH FREDERICK STREET. FURNITURE of his own manufacture, consisting of PARLOR SUITS, LIBRARY SUITS, BED ROOM SUITS, DINING ROOM SUITS, with a general assortment of Furniture.

B. WASKEY, f Furniture. B. BALTIMORE, January 22, 1867-19

FRANK L. MORLING,

FLORIST, SEEDSMAN & NURSERYMAN Store No. 2, N. Eutaw St., BALTIMORE, Nurseries on the Hookstown Road, Adjoining Druid Hill Park, WOULD invite the attention of the citizens of the Valley of Virginia, to his stock of GARDEN SEEDS. FLOWER SEEDS, FRUIT TREES, GRAPE VINES, and all SMALL FRUITS.

Green House, Hot House and Hardy Plants, ROSES and FLOWERING SHRUBS. I will be prepared at all times to furnish every-thing in my line of trade. April 17, 1866-1y FRANKLIN INSURANCE COMPANY.

EVERGRERN AND ORNAMENTAL

Shade Trees.

OF WHEELING. CAPITAL, 9150,000. DIRECTORS: T. H. Logan, J. S. Rhode, J. H. Hobbs, T. P. Shallcross, George Mer lei, Samuel McC jellan, G. W Franzheim, James N. Vance. Alex. Laughlin,

THIS company now having been organize I four years, and in that time done a successful business, is still prepared to take risks at fair rates on Buildings of all kinds. Merchandise, Manufacturing Establishments, Furniture, Steamboats and Cargoes on the Western Rivers and Lakes.

This company offers superior inducements to Farmers, whereby they can be insured on Dwellings Furniture, Barns and contents, for three or five rears at reduced rates. This being a home institution, with the largest capital and surplus of any company in the State and composed of some ninery-four stockholders, most of whom are among our best business men, recommends itself to the favorable consideration

of the insuring public, and solicits their patronage.

Applications for Insurance will receive prompt OF-OFEICE:-No. 29, Monroe Street, Wheeling, West Virginia. N. C. ARTHUR, Secretary. SAM'L McCLELLAN, President. GEORGE MENDEL, Vice President. C. M. COEN, Special Agent. EDW. M. AISQUITH, Agent, Charlestown.

April 9, 1867-1y.

EVERYTHING IN FAVOR OF THE BUYER! COME AND SEE! INVITE attention to my stock of NEW GOODS.
It is large, handsome and varied—consisting of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, AND OVER-COATINGS, ADIES' DRESS GOODS, FANCY GOODS AND NOTIONS, DOMESTICS,
Ready-Made Clothing, Lamps, Oils, &c., &c.
Uctober 22, 1867. H. L. HEISKELL.

NEW GOODS ARRIVING.

DOMESTICS. White and Red Flannels, Twilled, Shaker and Sack Flannels, Brown and Bleached Cottons, Ticking and Plaid Cottons. LADIES' DRESS GOODS. All Wool Delaines, Striped Poplins, Striped Repp, Black Repp, Black and Plaid Alpaccas, Hoop Skirts, Kid Gloves, Rufflings, Balmorals, &c. MENTLEMEN'S GOODS. English, French & American Cassimeres, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, Shirts, Under Shirts, Collars, Socks,

33-Store, opposite the Methodist Parsonage, of Main street. Neck-Ties, Shirt Bosoms, Silk and Linen Handkerchiefs H. L. HEISKELL. October 22, 1867. CLOSING OUT SALE OF FALL AND WINTER GOODS. Great Reduction Made in Prices. THE undersigned will sell from this date his en-tire Stock of Goods, consisting of Domestic Dry Goods, Fancy Goods, Hosiery and Notions, READY-MADE CLOTHING.

> The best Calicoes from 12; to 15 cents. A deduction of from 15 to 25 per cent on all Fancy Goods? Velvet Ribbons, Bugla Trimmings, Dress Buttons, and other Fancy Goods too numerous to mention. Fine Lambswool Hose for Ladies and Misses ten per cent less than regular prices. GREAT INDUCEMENTS OFFERED IN

READY-MADE CLOTHING. I will sell whole Suits, such as Cassinet at \$5.00, worth \$12.00 Union Cassimere at \$10, worth \$15
All-Wool do. " 15, " 20 to 25
Bik, Sack Coat from 4.50 to 10 - worth double. Pants and Vest at same rate of prices.
The Stock of Gents' Furnishing Goods at first

Cassimere and Flannel Shirts \$1 to \$2}.

Gents' Undershirts, Linen and Paper Collars, Suspenders, Buck and Cassimere Gloves, Neckties, Agent for H. C. at the old at and opposition of the Campbell & Mason's Drug Store.

January 28, 1868. THE ORIGINAL NON-EXPLOSIVE

PATENT COMET-BURNER, SECOND SUPPLY just received and for sale January 7, 1868.

I Thas been remarked that "the Merchant who offers to sell his goods below cost must either cheat himself, the purchaser or the persons from whom he procures his merchandize." It may be so or it may not. The undersigned has not attained the eminence of a public benefactor to the extent of selling goods at wholesale prices or thirty per cent. less than they can be bought anywhere under the sun! He makes no such false pretenses, but offers his goods. [airly and squarely all round, as CHEAP]

sun! He makes no such false pretenses, but offers his goods, fairly and squarely all round, as CHEAP as any in the market—making only a reasonable profit. The stock has been carefully selected.—Purchasers are invited to examine it.

Jan. 14, 1665. EUGENE WEST.

DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, &C., &C., At Fair Prices.

as Sheriff of Jefferson County, is also in my hands for settlement, and those indebted for Taxes, Fee

ALL OF HIS STOCK, FARMING UTENSILS, &c. consisting in part as follows, viz:

Five head of No. 1 Mules—good size, one pair match well and drive freely to a carriage;

Two fine Brood Mares—in fuel;

Two fipe geldings, calculated for saddle or Har-

A fine Stallion-well bred, five years old this Spring, and second to no horse ut der the saddle Two Fillies-one two year and one one-year eld this Spring, gotten by the above stallron; Six Milch Cows, (Ayrshire,) some of them

with Calves by their side-cannot be excelled for Six Heifers of the same stock. A Thorough-bred Buil of Durham and Devon stock, Forty-five head of Sheep; Three fine Brood Sows, One Boar, of Irish Grazier stock;

Twenty-six STOCK HOGS, . Two Broad-tread Wagons, Wagon Bed, Wood Ladders, Two pair Grain Ladders; One Cart and Gearing, Water Car and Barrel, One three-seat Carriage and Harness-strong. One Family Sleigh and Bells. One Spring Wagon—new, with Shafts and Fole, and Single Harness;
Gearing and Chains complete for six horses,
Five sets of Plough Gears and Bridles,

Pacing Hobbles, one Rockwell Bridle,
Two Witherow Ploughs, for three horses,
One two horse Coulter Plough,
Two large Harrows, one Corn do., Corn Coverer, three Single and four Double Shovel Pioughs, Thrible, Double and Single-Trees, One Buggy Rake, one Revolving do., One Gum Drill with Guano Attachment. One Wheat Fan-good; one Rolling Screen, Fodder Cutter and Cutting Box,

Clover Seed Stripper, One set of Blacksmith Tools complete—the Bellows large and extra. Log Chains, one Grindstone-geared; Crow-Bars, Sledge; Mattock, Hoes, &c., Augurs from 2; inch to a gimlet, Grain Cradles, Mowing Scythes, Forks and Rakes, Horse Fork, Pulleys and Ropes for hoisting hay, One Corn Sheller, one Portable Cider Mill, About 200 BUSHELS OF GLADE GATS-

suitable for Seed. CORN and RYE by the bushel, About 4,000 POUNDS NO. 1 BACON, A quantity of good LARD, One Ten-Plate Stove, one Cook Stove complete, One Sun Stove, one Air-tight do... Two Franklin'do., I pair Patent Balances; Farm Bell, 2 bbls. Vinegar, 6 stands of Bocs. HOUSEHOLD & KITCHEN FURNITURE

and many other articles too numerous to mention.
All of the above stock and articles are of first class. TERMS OF SALE. A credit until the first of November will be given en all sums over \$20, with interest from date, the rurchaser giving bond and approved security.—Sums of \$20 and under the cash in hand. No property to be removed until settled for.

Sale to commence at 91 o'clock, A. M. GEORGE W. TABB. J. W. McGINNIS, Auctioneer. Pebruary 18, 1868-4t. Winchester Times copy three times and send

bill to this office.] PUBLIC SALE.

THE undersigned will sell at Public Sale, to the A highest bidder, on the farm of the late George Isler, on the old Winchester Road, 2½ miles West TUESDAY, MARCH 10th, 1868,

THE FOLLOWING

STOCK, FARMING IMPLEMENTS. Grain, doc. Three No. 1 WORK HORSES, .
Three No. 1 Mares—two of which are in foal, and one a fine Barshear leader; Two Yearling Colts-one a Mare; Three fine Milch Cows-two of them fresh :

Two two year old Steers.
Two fine Young Bulls, one Yearling Heifer; Fifteen head of Stock Hogs. FARMING IMPLEMENTS. One Army and one Broad Tread Wagon, Ox Cart, Yokeand Bows; Horse Cart, Corn Crusber, Cutting Box;
Bickford & Hoffman Dril-with Guano Attachment-almost new;

Hay Rake-latest patent: Wheat Fan-Valley Farmer; Wheat Screen, Pond Scoop; Two Corn Shellers—one almost new; Corn Barrel, Half Bushel, Hay Ladders; Roller, Ploughs- Ott's make; Single and Double Shovel Ploughs, Corn Coverer, two Harrows: Dorble and Single Trees, Fifth Chains; Log Chains, Rakes, Forks: Four good Grain Crailes, Scyther: Hog Boiler, one Ten-plate Stove, One Parlor Stove, Grindstone; Mauls, Wedges, X-Cut Saws, Axes; Spades, Picks, Shovels, Hoes, Digging Irons; Box of Tools, Gearing; Fifty Cavalry Bridles, Ten Halters; One hundred and fifty Curry Combs, Saddles and other things too numerous to men-

tion. GRAIN, &C .: 75 BARRELS OF CORN, 50 Acres of Wheat in the Ground, Pwenty-five Buehels Potatoes-main Carter; Cabbage, Two hundred and fifty lbs Lard; 2,000 POUNDS OF BACON.

TERMS OF SALE -A credit of one year will be given on all sums over Ten Dollars, with interest rom date, the purchaser giving bond with approve for Cash paid for property amounting to more than \$10. Under Ten Dollars, Cash. The Cash will be required for the Corn, Bacon, Lard and Potatoes .-No property to be removed until the terms of sale are complied with. Sale to take place at 11 o'clock, A, M. GEO. I. LINDSEY.

AT THE SAME TIME AND PLACE, I am authorized to sell all the Household and Kitchen Furniture

Of Mrs. Susan A. Lindsey-consisting of Five Bedsteads, two Mattrasses; One Feather Bed, two Bureaus and Secretary; Half-dozen Parlor Chaire, Half-dozen Dining Chairs, Sideboard; Refrigerator, Large Eight-day Clock; Wash Stands, Kitchen Furniture:

Pots. Kettles, &c. ONE TWO-HORSE CARRIAGE AND HAR-NESS-in good order.

TERMS OF SALE .- Cash for all sums of \$10 and under; over that, a credit of Six months—the structing the Express agent to collect on delivery, purchaser giving Bond with approved security be If we are desired to forward watches by mail, the fore the removal of property.

N. S. WHITE. PUBLIC SALE.

HAVING determined to break up house keeping, I will offer at Public Sale, on SATURDAY, MARCH 14th, 1868. MY HOUSEHOLD AND KITCHEN FURNITURE consisting in part of the following articles :-One Dining Table, one Parlor do., One Kitchen do , one Cooking Stove, No. 9, Safe, Refrigerator, (latest patent.) Sofa and a lot of Chairs, Bedstead, Feather Bed and Mattrass, lot of Carpeting, One Coal Stove, Kitchen Utensils, &c.

Wheelbarrow, Gardening Tools, 100 POUNDS OF BACON, 100 Concord Grape Vines-one year old; Asparagus Roots-one year old. TERMS OF SALE. A credit of Six Months will be given on all sums

over \$5, the purchaser giving note with approved security; to be paid punctually, or interest will be charged from date. Not exceeding \$5, Cash.

N. G. NORTH. N. B .- As part of the above mentioned property belongs to me, due notice will be given on the day of sale, of my ownership. ROBT. W. NORTH.

Feb. 18, 1868. [Free Press.]

NO.1 POTOMAC HERRING at \$5 per barrel, warranted sound. Will take Bacon in ex-DRIME CLOVER SEED, raised in the counry, weighing 64 pounds to the BUSHEL, for KEARSLEY & SHEERER. DON'T get married before you call and get one of those splendid Plain Gold Rings at L. DINKLE'S.

DRIED PEACHES AND APPLES-a prime ar Feb. 11. 1868, KEARSLEY & SHEERER. CEYENNE and BLACK PEPPER, for sale by CAMPBELL & MASON.

MILK CROCKS, JARS and FLOWER POTS, all sizes, for sale by KEARSLEY & SHEERER.

BONES WANTED - We wish to purchase for Cash, 50 TONS BONES.

Feb. 18. RANSON & DUKE. RANSON & DURE. A YER'S Cherry Pectoral and Aver's Sarsaparilla, for sale by AISQUITH & BRO. PERFUMERY, Soaps, Hair, Nail and Tooth Brushes, for sake by AlsQTITE & BRO. NEW YORK ADVERTISEMENTS.

BARGAINS FOR THE MILLION! DRY GOODS! PANCY GOODS! . JEWELRY AND SILVERWARE, WORTH OVER \$2,000,000! ALL TO BE SOLD FOR ONE DOLLAR EACH.

ARBANDALE & CO., 162 BROADWAY, NEW YORK, AGENTS FOR EUROPEAN MANUFACTURERS. A NNOUNCE, that in consequence of overstocking of the English market, in immense quantity of DRY and FANCY GUODS have been consigned to them with instructions to be cleared for inmediate Cash, at any sacrifice. A. & Co., have therefore, resolved to offer them according to their rdinary system of business at \$1 each, without regard to value.

The following list shows the original wholesale prices of some of the articles which we offer for \$1. Bear, Wolf and Buffalo Robes from \$15 to to 50 00

\$20 00 to 100 00 15 00 to 60 U 10 00 to 40 00 13 00 to 55 00 Silk and Satin Dress Patterns " Berege and Egyptian Cloths "Alpaca and Muslin de Laines " 6 00 to 12 00 4 80 to 10 0 10 00 to 20 0 French Merings and Twills " Cambric, Thibet and Mohair Balmoral and Elliptic Skirts Silk and Lace Veils, 2 00 to 6 00

Sets fine Cuffs and Collars Pairs of Ladies' Corsets 2 00 to 5 00 2 50 to 6 00 Hemstiched and Embroid'd Linen Lawn; per dozen ''
Ladics and Gents' Cotton, Silk
and Woolen Hose and haif 6 60 to 18 00 4 00 to 13 00 Hose; per dozen pairs Ladies and Genta' Merino. Cotton, Linen and Cotton Shirts and Undershirts, each 2 50 to 6 00

Coat, Vest and Pantaloon Patterns in Cloth, Cassimere and 8 60 to 25 00 Linen and Woolen Table Covers White and Colored Linen Nap-2 UU to 6 00 6 00-to 15 00 Muslins, Wh. and Unbl'd, pr yd. 15 to 40 Flannels, Shawls in Woolen, Silk and Merino Nubias or Glouds, Woolen Hoods, Blankets, Linen and Muslin Sheets, Velvet and Morocco Portmonaics, Shopping Bags, Wallets, Meerschaum Pipes, Four and Six Blade Pocket Knives, with pearl, tortoise and ivory handles, French Clocks, Gilt and Bronze Musical Boxes, Revolvers, Fowling Pieces,

Cases, Albums, Family and Pocket Bibles, Opera We have also received a splendid assortment of WATCHES. Gold and Silver Hunting Cases for Gents, Enameled do. for Ladies, together with Chains of every pattern and style. Sets of Jewelry in every variety, Sleeve Buttons, Thimbles. Lockets. Crosses, Rings

Fancy Combs. Hair Nets, Work Boxes, Silver Card

of every kind, Bracelets, Gold Pens, &c. THE SILVERWARE DEPARTMENT omprises Silver, Dining and Tea Sets, Castors, Ic. Pitchers, Table Spoons, Forks, Tea Spoons, Gob-lets, Drinking Cups, Coffee Urns, Tea Pots, Cream Pitchers, Sugar Bowls, Fruit Baskets, Cake Baskets, Card Baskets, Fruit Knives, Syrup Cups, Salvers, Portmonaies, Pie Knives, Fish Knives Mustard and Salt Spoons, Napkin Rings, Egg Stands. Wine Holders, Card Cases, etc. All the above list of articles to be sold for \$1 each. The expenses are paid by the sale of Coupons or Certificates naming each article in the stock, and

its value; these Certificates are enclosed in enveopes, mixed up, and sold at 25 CENTS EACH-5 FOR \$1-11 FOR \$2. Whatever article is named in the Certificate can e obtained at ONE DOLLAR. The article will be shown to the holder of the Certificate, and it will be at his option, whether he pays the dollar and takes the article or not. In case ar ticles sent by mail or express are not satisfactory they can be returned and the money be refunded Every Certificate entitles the holder to some arti

cle of sterling value, worth much more than a dol-lar. In proof of this READ THIS OFFER. You can have for any of our certificates and \$1 any of the following articles, so that if you are not certificate, you need not lose the 25 cts you paid One Silver plated three bottle Castor, handsome silver plated Butter Dish with plate and cover, Lady's Shopping Bag, a 50 picture Album bound in velvet and gilt, set of Tea Spoons silver plated on white metal, set double plated Table Spoons or Forks, Pants pattern (2½ yards Cassimere) pair Jouvin's Paris Kid Gloves, solendid real Meers-

chaum Pipe, or solid 16 carat Gold Plain Ring. REFERENCES. During the four years we have been agents for Suropean manufacturers, we have received hundreds of complimentary notices from the press, and letters from private individuals, expressing the highest satisfaction with our method of doing busi ness. We have many of these testimonials with names and dates, printed in pamphlet form, and as we have no space for them in this advertisement, we will send copies free to any address.

Whenever desired, we will send articles by Ex-

press, C.O. D., so that the money need only be paid on DELIVERY OF THE GOODS. We accept the entire responsibility of money sen by Express, Post Office Order, or Bank Draft. We want agents EVERY WHERE, to whom liberal compensation will be paid, which can be learned on application. Take care to write your name and address in

a clear, distinct hand, and address
ARRANDALE & CO. 162 Broadway, New York, P. O. Box, 5285. February 11, 1863-3m.

WATCHS FOR TH MILLION! ARRANDALE & CO.'S GREAT WATCH CLUB Everybody needs a good watch, and wishes to get it at the lowest possible price; a hordeof swindlers knowing this have contrived various ingenious de-vices to get people's money, and then either fail to send a watch, or send one that is worthless as a time-keeper. ARRANDALE & CO., have now pertime-keeper. ARKANDALE & CU., have now perfected arrangements by which, for the small sum of \$10, a good and reliable watch may be CERTAINLY obtained. They have formed a GREAT WATCH CLUB on the following plan. Cortificates containing the numbers of all the watches named in our wholesale list (which is sent to all applicants) are mixed up, enclosed in envelopes, and sold for 25 cents each. Every certificate is WARRANTED to be for a watch, and as will be seen on reference to the list, none are of less value than Ten Dollars, whilst some are worth \$300. We undertake to send any watch drawn whatever may be its value for \$10, and in order that every one may absolutely depend upon getting a first class time-keeper, we guarantee that every purchaser of One Dollar's worth of cer-tificates shall receive at least one for watch No. 533 on our wholesale list, sent post free, which is a first class patent lever, a handsome and reliable watch, in sterling silver hunting case, and usually sold for \$40. You will certainly get such a watch; and, besides, you may get a GOLD CHRONOMETER worth \$500. We sell the certificates as follows: One for 25 cents, Three for 50 cents; Six for \$1; and Twenty for \$3. To those sending \$1, we will send a handsome chain gratis. To those sending \$3, we will send a gold CHAIN warranted not to tarcish in 20 years. Parties getting larger clube will receive liberal presents, particulars of which may be learned on application. As it is our inten-tion to do a strictly honorable business, and to insure our customers from liability to loss, we will send our watches, if desired, without MONEY, inmoney must be sent us by Bank Draft or Post Office Order, and it will then be at our risk. We will then BEGISTER the package at our post office, and if ost replace it free of charge. If any watch sent is not approved, it may be returned and the mouey ed a sufficient guarantee that we will faithfully perform all we contract to do.

will be refunded. The reputation of our firm which has been established for five years, and is well known in every part of the country, we trust will be deem-ARRANDELE & CO Address ARRANDELE & CO 162 Broadway, New York; P. O. Box, 5,285. February 11, 1868—3m.

REEVE'S AMBROSIA FOR THE HAIR, Improved. THE experience of over one hundred years in the L cultivation and preservation of the Hair, is now embodied in this widely known preparation. For dressing, curling and preserving the Hair, it has no equal in the world. Three or four applications will stop the Hair from falling off, and it used occasion-ally, it will prevent hair losing its original color during a lifetime. No preparation equals it for RESTORING the hair quickly; and no preparation has been more extensively endorsed by the medical faculty for its periect innocence as regards injury to the hair or head, and for its tonic effects upon the eystem. Price, large bottles \$1. Druggists, Dealers in Fancy Goods, and Storekeepers generally, iberally dealt with. Retailed in all parts of the | tion our

U. S., Canada, &c. Address
SECRETARY REEVE'S AMBROSIA ('Ö., Feb. 11, 1869-17. SEWING MACHINES. FINELE & LYON

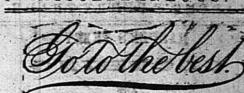
SEWING MACHINE COMPANY, No. 587 Broadway, New York. LOCAL AGENT wanted in every fown; also, A Traveling Agents to appoint Local Agents throughout the country. Liberal Cash compensa-

tion paid. A splendid paying business. Send for Feb. 11, 1868-6m. CISTERN Pumps, Grindstones and Grindstone Hangings, Pump Chains, and Wooden Tubing

for Chain Pumps, for sale by :
Feb. 11, 1865. RANSON & DUKE. BUY the best DELAWARE CORN SHELLER-Double and Single Spout, Warranted-for sale RANSON & DUKE.

BRASS and Iron Andirons, for sale by Nov. 5. D. HUMPHREYS & CO. GROCERIES of all kinds, for sale by EUGENE WEST

MISCELLANEOUS



YOUNG MEN Who are desirons of preparing themselves practically for the AOTUAL DUTIES OF BUSINESS. should attend the

BRYANT, STRATTON & SADLER SOUTHERN BUSINESS COLLEGE

No. 8 North Charles Street, BALTIMORE, MD.

The most complete and thoroughly appointed College of Business in the country, and the only institution of ACTUAL PRACTICE in the State of Maryland. Our course of instruction is wholly practical and arranged to meet the demand of the age; being conducted upon a thorough system of

ACTUAL BUSINESS PRACTICE. Afording to Students the facilities of a practical Business Education, by means of banks, representing money, and all the forms of basiness paper, such as Notes, Drafts, bc. together with Business Offices to represent the principal departments of trade and commerce.

COURSE OF STUDY. The curriculum of study and practice in this Insti-tution is the result of many years of experience, and the best combination of business talent to be found in the country. It embraces BOOK-KEEEPING IN ALL ITS DEPARTMENTS

AND APPLICATIONS. COMMERCIAL LAW, COMMERCIAL ARITHMETIC. SPENCERIAN BUSINESS WRITING. With incidental instruction in the principles of POLITICAL ECONOMY. And a thorough training in



The standard of Business Writing is adopted an saught in its purity at this Institution, by one of the most experienced and successful teachers of Business and in the country.

STUDENTS Can enter at any time, as there are no vacations. -Special individual instruction to all Students.



Officially adopted and used in our Institution, and Five kinds. Samples for 20 cents. Per Gross, \$1.50. Quarter Gross Boxes, 50 etc.

Prepaid to any address. No. 333, fine smooth points, adapted to school purposes and general writing No. 455. The National Pen. Medium points, No. 8. The Ladies' Pen. Very fine and elastic. For Card Writing, Pen Drawing, and fine Orna-mental Work, this Pen is unequaled. No. 117. The Excelsior Pen. Smooth points, very flexible. This is the Pen for bold, free writing, striking off-hand capitals, flourishing, &c. No. 7.: The Business Pen. Large size, coarse points, holding a large quantity of ink. The points are very round, and do not stick into the paper and spatter the ink like most other coarse

The trade supplied at the lowest wholesale rates. For further particulars send for College Journal.
Special Circular and Splendid Specimens of Penmanchip, (enclosing two letter stamps.) Address THE BRYANT, STRATTON & SADIER BUSINESS COLLEGE.

Baltimore, Md. Publishers desiring to insert this advertise with proposals for 6 and 12 months, stating circula-October 15, 1857-tf.

EEORGE C. THOMAS.] [JACOB ADAMS (Formerly of Woodsboro', Md.) THOMAS & ADAMS.

PHŒNIX CARRIAGE WORKS, BERRYVILLE, CLARKE COUNTY, VIRGINIA WE the undereigned continue to manufacture at our shop and will keep on hand at all times, and make to order any style of vehicles, in the line

CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, Shifting Top Phaetons, Rocksways with Singie and Bouble Seats, Spring Wagons with Shifting Tops, and Sleighs,

of any description, and as low in price as can be bought in the State, according to the quality of work we offer to our customers. We carry on the whole branch of the business, and buy the very best material in large quanties and out of first hands, and we therefore feel able to serve-our customers, and make it to the interest o the people of Clarke and adjoining counties, to call and see us tefore dealing elsewhere. We have had a great many calls for cheap work, therefore, to accommodate all persons, we have made arrangements with regular carriage dealers North to furnish us with that class of work if desired. Any persons leaving their orders with us can have them filled as follows:

TUMBLING TWO-SEAT ROCKAWAYS, from \$175 to \$240: SHIFTING TOP BUGGIES, from \$200 to \$220, GERMANTOWN WAGONS, " \$275 to \$340. We will not make ourselves in any way responsi ble for any of this work as the most of it is put up for sale and not durability. But any we make we will guarantee and warrant for twelve months, and if any of our work does not turn out according to representation, we will make it good without a dol-ler of cost to the parties buying. All kinds of repairing attended to with neatness and despatch, and prices to suit the times. Old carriages and buggics taken in exchange for new ones. THOMAS & ADAMS. Sept. 10, 1867-6m. Berryville, Va.

SETTLE UP! SETTLE UP!

OUR accounts are now ready for, and we insist upon an immediate settlement of the same to January 1st, 1868. Hereafter we will consider our accounts due on the first of April, first of July, first of October, and first of January, when they will be made off and payment expected. Thankful for past favors, we hope by strict attention to business to gain many new customers. 15- If you want your MACHINES repaired, send them in at once.

FARMING IMPLEMENTS AND MACHINERY.

We employ none but the best Mechanics and use the best Material. The community can rely upon quick, neat and substantial work, and at prices to suit the times. We are determined to do work as ow as can be done in the County for CASH, which will be required for all transient custom. We will make to order Thieshing Machines and Horse Powers of the latest patterns; PLOUGHS of different kinds always on hand, amongst which will be found the celebrated three horse Livingston; two-horse do.; the old fashioned three-horse Barshear ; McCormick do., for two and three Lorses ; niso, the three-horse Page Plough; also an improved Kentucky single and double shovel Plough. Plough Irons—such as Shares, Coulters, Shovels, (single and double) Mould-boards of all kinds, Open Rings. Open Links, &c. Special attention paid to Mill work in Steel and Iron. Turning and Boring in Iron and Steel. We now have in opera

FOUNDRY, and we are now able to furnish Castings of good quality as low as can be bought elsewhere All work entrusted to us will be done with dispatch, and guaranteed to give satisfaction. The highest price paid in Cash for Old Iron of all kinds. Give us a call at the Jefferson Machine Shop, Stone Row. WEIRICK & WELLER. Charlestown, Jan. 29, 1858.

NEW BARBER SHOP.

A I the solicitation of many of my old customers, I have again opened my Barber Shop in the rear of the "Sappington Hotel," Charlestown, where I shall devote my best efforts to the accommodation Shaving, Hair-Trimming, Shampooning, &c done in the most approved style, and at the short-93- Clothing of all descriptions, renovated in the

est manner, and on reasonable terms. Give me a JAMES BRADY. October 8, 1867 NOTICE.—We are the Agents for the celebrated EMPIRE SEWING MACHINE. Persons in want of a good Machine will do well to call at S. A. HAMBURGER & CO'S., and see them. November 5, 1867.

東京 - 『新聞·本のマステラング - 12 本書を見るます - 12 本書を見るした - 11 東京主席日

NEW YORK ADVERTISEMENTS.

Consign Your Goods TO BLACK, SHERLOCK & CO.

WHOLESALE GROCERS. GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS SHIPPERS, AND DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF

Provisions, Western & Southern PRODUCE. TEAS, FLOUR, BUTTER, COFFEE, CHEESE, LARD, SUGARS, PORK, BEEF, MOLASSES, SPICES, RICE, TOBACCO, EGGS, WINES, FRUITS, HOPS, GRAIN, &c, &c, &c.

MESSRS. PLACK, SHERLOCK & CO., Having the most extensive connections in European and South American ports, are now prepared to make the MOST LIBERAL ADVANCES, and

IMMEDIATE RETURNS, on all KINDS OF PRODUCE, and Merchants. Planters, Farmers generally, throughout the country, will find it greatly to their advantage to ship Messrs. Black, Sherlock & Co.,

50 Vesey Street, New York. Having immense orders unfilled, from our cor-respondents in Liverpool, Havana, St. Thomas, St. Domingo, and several South American ports, we are in immediate want of the above mentioned ar-ticles of produce. We can also handle to advantage for our South

COTTON, TOBACCO, RICE, SUGARS, MOLASSES, &c. MESSRS. BLACK, SHERLOCK & CO. ABSO ISSUE A

PRICE CURRENT, Which they will send free of charge to their December 17, 1867 - 3m.



THE MOST RELIABLE CUSHION used CAT-GUT CUSHION. Manufactured by KAVANAGH & DECKER, and Patented Dec. 18, 1866. (See Scientific American; Vol. 16, No. 11.)

It is the ONLY Cushion that possesses all the qualities essential to a PERFECT Cushion. It is the most elastic and most durable Cushion ever offered to the billiard-playing public, as is abandantly proven by the great demand for it since its introduction. The peculiarity which distinguishes the CAT-GUT Cashion and renders it appearing all others, is the tightened ders it superior to all others, is the tightened ourd of cat-gut which overlies the face and edge of the rubber and running the full length of the Cushion which prevents the ball from bedding into the rubber and jumping from the table. The addition of the sat-gut cord also adds much The elasticity of the Cushion.

The CAT-GUT Cushion has already been applied to over 1,000 tables which are in constant use. It can be applied to tables of any make for 275 per set.

make for \$75 per set.

KAVANAGH & DECKER'S Factory, at the
KAVANAGH & DECKER'S Factory, at the orner of Centre and Canal Streets, N. Y., is the most complete of its kind in the world. The machinery is of the most improved character, the lumber drying room the largest in the United States, the material used the best that can be purchased, and the workmen thoroughly skilled. Billiard Cloth, Balls, Cues, and Trimmings, all of the best make, constantly on hand.

KAVANAGH & DECKER are the only agents in this country for KAY'S CUE CE-MENT, adjudged by competent authorities to be the best cement ever used.

FULL SIZE TABLES CUT DOWN FOR \$100.

Send for illustrated Price List.

KAVANAGH & DECKER,

Corner of Centre & Canal Sts.,

New York City.

And 601 & 603 Fourth St., cor. Washington Avenue. ST. LOUIS, Mo. P. & Co., November 19, 1867.

HENRY, MOORE & GENUNG, CLOTHING. No. 522 BROADWAY, Opposite St. Nicholas Hotel, New York.

PRILIP HENRY, "SE. formerly of Henrys, Smith & TOWNSON J.

JOHN T. HENRY, formerly of Samsbury & Henry.

ALKE. T. MiddRE. | formerly with Henrys, Smith &

ISAAC P. GENUNG. | Townsond. We have ready a large, handsome and well READY-MADE CLOTHING, manufactured by us exclusively for THE SOUTHERN TRADE, which we are prepared to sell at Low Prices and on Liberal Texas.

Our Stock is adapted in material, style, lengths, and sizes, exclusively to the South, and comprises goods from the LOWKST PRICED to the FINEST MADE, including a large assorbment of goods for

FREEDMEN'S WEAR. The recent decline in woolen and cotton fabrics will enable us to offer CLOTHING at MUCH LOWER PRICES than it has been cash and time since 1950.

CASH AND CLOSE BUYERS FROM THE BOUTH are invited to examine our stock before purchasing, as we believe we can offer them great inducements. We will be happy to receive ORDERS, and our long experience in the Southern business enables us to make selections which will be certain to give entire satisfaction.

Descriptive Catalogues with prices sent by mail if desired. HENRY, MOORE & GENUNG, REW YORK July, 1867. 522 Broadway.

November 19, 1867. ELLIPTIC Lock-Stitch Sewing Machines. THEIR PRE-EMINENT SUPERIORITY VINDICA-TED BY THE DECISIONS OF THE HIGHEST AUTHORITIES.

Gold Medal, Fair Maryland
Institute, 1866.

All the highest premiums at the Maryland Institute, New York and Pennsylvania State Fairs in 1856, given on Sewing Machines, except one given for heavy leather work at the New York Fair, after a severe and importial test, WERE AWARDED TO THE ELLIPTIC MACHINE, namely: as

"Best Family Sewing-Machine," and for the "Best Double-Thread Machine," and for the "Best Samples of Sewing-Machine Work." Machines (which are warranted for two years) forwarded to any part of the world, with printed instructions (which will enable any one to open the world, with the slightest difficulty) for use, instructions (which will enable any one to oper set them without the slightest difficulty) for use, on receipt of the price in current funds or by draft; or they may be sent, payment to be collected on delivery, on receipt of satisfactory assurance that it will then be made: and all orders from a distance will be faithfully filled as if a personal visit and selection had been made. Agents wanted. For circulars, with samples of work. Address

ELLIPTIC S. M. CO. 543 Broadway, N. Y. D. S. COVERT, Gen. Sup'l. P. & CO. November 19, 1867.

CALL, EXAMINE AND PRICE!

N addition to the fresh, large and varied stock heretofore on hand, I have just received at my store-room opposite the Bank building, a large and general assortment of HATS, BOOTS, SHOES, GROCERIES, BRANDIES,

Whiskies, Wines, Holland Gin, Rum, Catsups, Pickles, Coarse and Fine Salt, Kerosene Oil, To bacco (cheap grades and the bestquality) for chew ing or smoking, and Cigars at all prices. GLASS-WARE, QUEENS, WOODEN & STONE DO., BUCKETS, TUBS, &c. A general assortment of Gents' Furnishing Goods, consisting in part of superior Over and Unde Shirts, the real Buckskin Gloves, Carpet-Sacks Shirts, the real Buckskin Gloves, Carpet-Sacks, Umbrellas, &c. Hosiery—a general assortment and very cheap, and well worth the attention of the Ladies. Soda, Water and Mushroom Crackers, Cheese, Candies, and Nuts and Fruits generally.—FISH embracing Mackerel, Shad and Herring, as also Canvass Hams, Bologna Sausage, Dried Beef, &c. FRESH BEEF and SAUSAGE will be found constantly on hand, and can be obtained day or 43- All kinds of Country Produce taken in exhange for goods.

Orn Meal and Flour, Buckwheat and Pota-

es, constantly on hand. These articles will be sold at the very lowest living profit, and; a call from the public generally is respectfully solicited. JACOB B. BROWN, October 22, 1867. SUN BURNER.—The much-talked of the ent Sun Burner, and the best Coal Oil for sale by Feb. 4, 1868. W. EBY.

NGLISH Black Silk Webbing, for repairing Jan. 28. KEARSLEY & SHEERER. CLOYER Seed, Timothy Seed, and Orchard Grass
Seed, for sale by RANSON & DUKE.
Feb. 11, 1868. DEATIFUL Hair Chains just received and for L. DINKLE

DUFFIELD'S TRADE.

[WM. M. SHYDER.] [ADAM LINE.] SNYDER & LINK. DUFFIELDS. JEFFERSON COUNTY, WEST VA., WILL keep on hand and order all kinds of AG-RICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, such as

REAPERS, MOWERS, DRILLS, HORSE RAKES HAY HOISTERS.

CORN SHELLERS, HAY, STRAW AND FODDER CUTTERS Ploughs, Harrows, Forks, Shovels, Hoes, Mowing Scythes, Grain Cradles, Hand Rakes, &c.
Will also furnish PLASTER, GUANOS, and all kinds of FERTILIZERS, SEEDS, &c. We would

d for the barvest. MARBLE WORKS.

CHARLESTOWN MARBLE WORKS. Main Street, Opposite the Carter House, CHARLESTOWN.



Diehl & Bro MANUFACTURERS OF

MONUMENTS, TOMBS, HEAD & FOOT STONES, MANTLES, STATUES,

AND CARVING. n all its various branches, and all work in their business. All orders promptly filled at the lowest rate, and shortest notice, and all work delivered and put up, and guaranteed to suit purchasers.— If not, no sale. Please call and see, and judge for yourselves before purchasing elsewhere, and pa-tronize Home Manufacturers.

The subscribers have also in operation their shop in Martinsburg, where they will give prompt at fention to all work entrusted to them. DIEHL & BRO. Charlestown, Feb. 19, 1867-od May 15, 1866.

MECHANICAL.

TO THE PUBLIC. HAVING permanently located in Charlestown with a view to conducting the business of a HOUSE-CARPENTER AND BUILDER;

f take this opportunity of informing the public that will give prompt attention to alf-work that may be entrusted to my care. My experience in the bu siness is such as to afford a guarantee that those who employ me will have no cause to regret it.

(G-My shop is at the residence of my father, Mr.

Nathaniel Myers, where I will always be found, when not elsewhere engaged. When not at home, any orders may be left with my father.

SAMUEL MYERS. Feb 11, 1868-1y.

TO THE PUBLIC. BLACKSMITHING H AVING rented of Mr. George W. Eichelberger his well-known BLACKSMITH and WAGON-MAKER SHOPS, I am now prepared to execute all work that may be ordered, in either branch of the business, with prompt dispatch, and in the most workmanlike manner. Give mea call before going elsewhere.

JAMES W. WAGELEY.

Feb. 18, 1868—1m*.

B. B. V. 1867.

BECKWITH'S ELECTRIC LINIMENT OR the cure of Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Strains of the Joints, Numbness of the Limbs, Swelling of the Joints or Limbs, Bruises or any Bone or Nerve Affections, Incipient stages of

Croup, Chilblains, &c., &c. Read the Certificates: We hereby certify that we have used Beckwith's Electric Liniment' for Rheumatism and Neuralgia, and received entire relief from its application. We confidently recommend it to the public.

Mas. F. M. RANSON, Jeff. Co., Va. Mas. T. H. WILLIS, " LIZZIE S. PAGE.

MILDRED C. WATERS.

REV. C. M. CALLAWAY, 609 West Lombard Street, Baltimore. Middleway, Jeff. Co , W. Va.; ?

January 21st, 1868. MR. GEO. H. BECKWITH : Dear Sir-A few days since I sprained my ankle very severely. It was badly swollen, and very painful—I could not get on my boot. A friend gave me some of your Liniment. I used it once only rubbed long and well at night, and the next morning was so far relieved as to be able to get on my poot and walk without limping. I believe it to be the greatest Liniment now known, and recommend it to every one.

Fam, sir, yours gratefully, GEO. W. NELSON. 19-For SALE BY AISQUITH & BRO. and CAMP-BELL & MASON, Druggists at Charlestown, January 28, 1868-1y.

PREPARE FOR WINTER ASSORTMENT GENERAL AND PRI-CES MODERATE. MILLER & SMITH respectfully inform the pub-lic that they have just received at their ware-room in Charlestown, one of the largest and best selected assortments of STOVES, that the Baltimore

or Wheeling foundries could furnish. The stock is so general and complete, as to meet all necessities or suit all tastes, and being offered at prices so moderate, for Cash, or in exchange for Produce, that none can fail to be suited. The following comprises in part, the varieties of wood and coal stoves I size Diamond Parlor Stove, for heating two and three Rooms

3 sizes Indianola Cook Stove, for Wood. 3 " Winona " " " Wood and Coal. Monitor ." " Coal. 3 " Standard " " " Wood. " Radiator, for Coal.

Broadside. " Wood.

Parlor Organ, for Wood,

2 "Magic Temple, " "
A variety of Parlor Stoves of all kinds.
Tin-Roofing, Spouting, and all work in the Tinning line, done at short notice and by the best work-Coal Hods, Lard Cans, and Tinware generally always on hand and for sale at the lowest prices. 13- Beef-Hides, Sheep Skins, Rags, Beeswax Hard Soap, Bacon, Old Copper and Brass, will be taken in exchange for work, at the highest market A call from the public generally is respectfully

October 8, 1867. GROCERIES AT THE OLD STAND, MAIN STREET, CHARLESTOWN.

THE undersigned respectfully announces that he is now Prepared to sell at the very lowest cash prices, a great variety of FRESH GROCERIES. CONSISTING OF

SUGAR, COFEEE, TEA, FISH, MO

LASSES, SPICES, SALT, COAL

OIL, CRACKERS, CHEESE.

CANNED FRUIT, TO-BACCO, SEGARS, PICKLES, &c. QUEENSWARE, GLASSWARE, WOOD AND WILLOW WARE, and all other articles kept in a first class Grocery

I would respectfully solicit a share of the public patronage.
December 3, 1867. SHANNONDALE DISTILLERY. RICHARD B. WASHINGTON, Special, and JOHN AVIS, General Partners, having erected a Distillery at "River View," (Vanvacter's,) and

having furnished it with entirely new Fixtures, and employed a competent and experienced Dis-tiller, are prepared to manufacture Whiskey of the very best quality.

They will be prepared at all times to purchase GRAIN for said purposes, and will also pay liberal prices for HOGS. Persons having Hogs for sale will do well by calling on the undersigned.
September 3, 1867.
JOHN AVIS.

PIPES! PIPES!!! A NEW and beautiful assortment of Wood Pipes of all kinds and styles, just received by November 5,1867. M. S. BROWN. CITRON, CURRENTS, RAISINS, ALMONDS
Dried Peaches and Applea for sale by
January 7.
W. EBY.

January 7. McDOWELL & Becktel's Patent Family Hominy Mill, with Fan attached, for sale by Oct. 15, 1867, RANSON & DUKE. CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

M. S. BROWN. (SUCCESSOR TO J. H. HAINES,) MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN TOBACCO, SNUFF AND CIGARS, (Next door to Aisquith & Bro.,) MAIN STREET, CHARLESTOWN, VA.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL. MANUFACTURES and will keep constantly on hand the following brands of Cigars, made of the finest foreign and domestic tobaccu, and war-HAVANA REGALIA, LA PICCOLOMINI, LAREAL, JEFFERSON, CABINET, EL NACIONAL,

LA VICTORIA, BOQUET, PLANTATION, LA CORONA, BANANA, IAPOLEON, GRAPE, &c. Will always keep on hand the finest brands of thewing Tobacco in market, and rames in part the PRIDEOF THE SOUTH, GRAVELY

GOLDEN TWIST, SOLFORINA, PEOPLE'S CHOICE, GOLDEN LEAF, GENT'S COMPANION, NAVY, &C., &C. Among his brands of Smoking Tobacco may be ZEPHYR PUFF, CORA LEE, R. E. LEE, GOLDEN LEAF,

and other fire brands of pure Lynchburg Tobacco. SCOTCH, RAPPEE AND OTHER SHUFFS. Will always have on hand an extensive assort ment of Plain and Fancy PIPES, from a MEES-CHAUM to a POWHATAN. Persons dealing in my line will find it to their advantage to call and examine my stock before June 11, 1867.

M. S. BROWN.

HALLTOWN TRADE.

fR. M. MILLER, [W. BOCKENBAUGH] NEW STORE AT HALLTOWN, VA. W E would most respectfully announce to sur friends and the public generally, that we have just returned from Baltimore with an entirely

new and complete stock of MERCHANDISE, embracing everything usually found in a country DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARD-WARE, QUEENSWARE, BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, CAPS, &c. Fortunately, we happened to be in market just as a heavy decline took place in all kinds of GOODS,

and we purchased our stock entirely for CASH and have it in our power to sell as CHEAP as the very CHEAPEST. We would advise our friends to give us a call before making their purchases. No trouble to show goods.
COUNTRY PRODUCE taken in exchange for GOODS.
MILLER & ROCKENBAUGH. Halltown, November 26, 1867-3m.

CHEAPER THAN EVER. W E are now selling off a Large Stock of SEA.

Reduced Prices; TO MAKE ROOM FOR A LARGE STOCK NEXT SPRING. From the very liberal patronage extended to us, we deem it unnecessary to publish the prices of a few articles of low priced goods, but will sell cheaper than any merchant in the county who advertises his prices. Our motio is "quick sales and small profits." Our terms, hereafter, strictly Cash or Barter.

B. F. ENGLE,

Halltown, Jan. 30, 1868. I have recently been appointed Agent for Haru den's Express Company, and will give prompt a tention to the business B F ENGLE. NEW GOODS AT HALLTOWN!

THE undersigned has just returned from Balti

more with a new and well selected stock of

DRY GOODS. GROCERIES. HARDWARE, QUEENSWARE, &C. which is now offered to the public at reduced prices, as they were bought at the lowest Cash rates. All we ask is a call and an examination of our Goods and Prices. We feel confident that we will be able 30- All kinds of COUNTRY PRODUCE taken in

exchange for goods. I am also prepared to forward the same to tharket for the Farmers, Millers and others.

B. F. ENGLE, Agent, Halltown, Sept. 24, 1867-6m. [F. P.]

HO FOR HALLTOWN! THE undersigned, having taken the shop of L 1 Yinger, is prepared to carry on the SHOE BUSINESS, in all its branches. None but the very best ma-terial used, and all work guaranteed to give entire satisfaction to all who may favor him with their N. B.—Terms positively CASH.

HILLEARY, WILSON & JOHNSON, FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

And dealers in all kinds of Produce and General Merchandize, SUMMIT POINT DEPOT, Jefferson County, West Ya. J. J. HILLEARY, W. N. C. WILSON.

July 30, 1867. SUMMIT POINT DEPOT. W. & P. R. R. THE undersigned are now prepared to receive Freights of all kinds for shipment. They are also prepared to buy, or receive Produce on Com-

HILLEARY, WILSON & JOHNSON.

July 30, 1867. NOTICE. THE subscribers are now offering for sale all L kinds of Merchandize at reduced prices, eith for Cash or Produce.
HILLEARY, WILSON & JOHNSON

Summit Point Depot, Jefferson Co., W. Va. July 30, 1867. Shannondale Factory,

THE undesigned are conducting this well ap I pointed WOOLEN FACTURY, 6 miles from Charlestown and I mile from Kabletown, and are constantly manufacturing Goods of superior We exchange our manufactures according to We exchange our manufactures according to the following schedule:

64 Drab Linser, 1 yard for 4 and 4½ lbs. Wool.

64 Grey Linsey, 1 do. do. 4½ do. 5 do. do.

3-4 Cassimere, 1 do. do. 3½ do. 4 do. do.

44 Plaid Linsey, 1 do do 2½ do. 3 do do.

4-4 Flannels, 1 do. do. 2½ do. 3 do. do.

Yarns, 1 lb. do 2½ do. 4 do. do.

Highest Cash Price vaid for Wool,

JAMES M. JOHNSON & CO.

JAMES M. JOHNSON & CO. November 7, 1865. CONFECTIONERY.

THE public are invited to examine my Select

A Stock of CONFECTIONERY, which is unsur-

passed by any ever before offered in this town.

My supply of Cakes will be found at all times abundant to meet the wants of all, and the patronage of the whole community is solicited, with the guarantee that you cannot do better elsewhere. If you want OYSTERS

in any and every style, just give me a call, and you may rely upon it, I will make every reasonable exertion to give entire satisfaction.

10 Call at the "Old Stand," Main streetFeb. 13, 1863.

GUSTAV BRO GUSTAV BROWN. FOUNDRY IN FULL BLAST.

E are now making to order every week, all kinds of CASTINGS-such as Mill Gearing, Horse Powers, Machine Castings,
Wagon Boxes, Mould Boards of all kinds,
Plantation Bells, Grates, Iron Kettles,
Superior Coal Burning Stoves, Grates and Andirons
of different sizes; Sash Weights, &c., &c.
All the above a-ticles are kept on hand and for
sale lower than they can be purchased in the cities.
Give us a call at our Machine, Shops, at Charlestown, West Virginia

own, West Virginia
Feb 18, 1868. WEIRICK & WELLER. PLOUGHS! PLOUGHS!! WE are now making a large assortment of Im-proved Ploughs, to which we call the atten-tion of the farmers of Jefferson and adjoining counties. Our stock of Improved Ploughs we guarantee in every case. satisfaction or no sale. Also Single and Double Shovel Ploughs, Corn Coverers, Wheel

BUGENE WEST.

Barrows, Harrows, &c., always on hand and for sale at our Machine Shop.

WEIRICK & WELLER. Charlestown, W. Va., Feb. 13, 1868. BUCKWHEAT Flour, for sale by Jan. 7. EUGENE WEST.

SUPERIOR Green Tea, for sale by Jan. 7. EUGE

TO TRAVELLERS

WINCHESTER AND POTOMAC R. R. TIME TABLE.

Leave Harper's Ferry at 7 20 A M and 1 25 P M
Leave Shenandoah at 7 34 A M and 1 29 P M
Leave Shenandoah at 7 34 A M and 1 37 P M
Leave Keyes' Switch at 7 37 A M and 1 37 P M
Leave Halltown at 7 46 A M and 1 43 P M
Leave Charlestown at 8 04 A M and 2 35 P M
Leave Cameron's at 8 22 A M and 2 05 P M
Leave Summit Point at 8 40 A M and 2 16 P M
Leave Wadesville at 9 02 A M and 2 30 P M
Leave Opequon Bridge at 9 06 A M and 2 33 P M
Arrive at Winchester at 9 45 A M and 2 35 P M
TRAINS GOING EAST
Leave Winchester at 10 35 A M and 3 39 P M
Leave Opequon Bridge at 10 66 A M and 3 39 P M
Leave Opequon Bridge at 10 67 A M and 3 37 P M
Leave Opequon Bridge at 10 67 A M and 3 37 P M
Leave Wadesville at 11 00 A M and 4 01 P M
Leave Summit Point 11 14 A M and 4 23 P M
Leave Cameron at 11 25 A M and 4 41 P M TRAINS GOING WEST.

Leave Wadesville at 11 00 A M and 4 01 P M...
Leave Summit Point 11 14 A M and 4 23 P M.
Leave Cameron at 11 25 A M and 4 41 P M.
Leave Charlestown at 11 35 A M and 4 59 P M.
Leave Halltown at 11 47 A M and 5 17 P M.
Leave Keyes' Switch at 11 53 A M and 5 26 P M.
Leave Shenandoah at 12 01 P M and 5 40 P M.
Arrive at Harper's Ferry 12 05 A M and 5 45 P M.
A. B. WOOD, Agent, Harper's Ferry.
JOHN L. WILSON,
Jan. 14, 1888.
Master of Transportation.

BALTIMORE & O. R. R. COMPANY. SCHEDULE of Passenger Trainsarriving and do parting at the Harper's Ferry Station !

TRAINS BOUND EAST. Mail Train, hast Line, 216 A. M. 717 A. M 1237 P. M. 1238 P. M Express Trein. TRAINS BOUND WEST.

ARRIVES. DEPARTS.
-1 02 P. M. 1 10 P. M.
8 35 P. M. 8 37 P. M.
1 31 A. M. 1 32 A. M. Mail Frain, Fast Line, Express Train, Office open at all hours for trains. Through Tickets sold to all the principal cities of the Union.

For further Information inquire at the Uffice.

A. B. WOOD, AGENT.

Harpers Ferry. May. 14, 1867. SADDLES AND MARNESS. HARNESS.

> SADDLES, AND BRIDLES,

At Charlestown, Jefferson County, Virginia. THE undersigned respectfully announces to the citizens of Charlestown and vicinity, that he is constantly making and repairing Carriage, Gig, Buggy, Coach and Wagon HARNESS, SADDLES, BRIDLES, HALTERS, &c., in the most durable manner, and the most modern style of workmanship, and at short notice and upon "living" terms. My work commends teelf. All I ask is a share of the public patronage. 35 Call upon me at my establishment opposits

MANUFACTURED OR REPAIRED.



DRUGGISTS AND APOTHECARIES. A RE prepared to furnish everything in their line upon the most favorable terms. They have in store the largest and most complete stock of goods they have ever offered to the public. Their stock of

DRUGS, CHEMICALS.

Patent and Family Medicines, is endless in variety. They call the attention of Country Physicians to such articles as are used in their practice, feeling confident they can make it to their interest to buy from them instead of going to Baitimore. Their stock of DRUGGISTS' FANCY GOODS. PERFUMERY, SOAPS,

Preparations for Dyeing, Preserving and Dressing the Hair, Tooth, Nail and Hair Brushes, Combs, Dressing, Fine, &c., is equal to that of any similar establishment in the Valley.

Prescriptions entrusted to them will be compounded with neatness and accuracy.

Persons wishings annuly of Persons wishing a supply of PAINTS, OILS, WINDOW GLASS, Dyes, Yarnishes, Colors and everything in the lines of Painter's Materials, will find their stock large

and as cheap as they can be sold anywhere.

dies or office use.

They are the wholesale Distributing Agents for the Morning Star Bitters Company for this and Clarke counties. Merchants wishing them by the Case can procure them at the Company's wholesals All the above mentioned goods they offer at low figures for CASH. No goods sold on credit.

Persons owing them will please come forward and settle. Customers will bear in mind that they do not do a credit business. When indulgenes is given, accounts must be settled on the lat of every month.

A fine assortment of paper and envelopes for La

Jnne 18, 1867. CAMPBELL & MASON, Druggists and Apothecaries,

CHARLESTOWN, VA. WOULD respectfully invite the public generally to examine their complete stock of DRUGS, CHEMICALES, PATENT MEDICINES, 4c., all of which are warranted to be fresh and perfectly

A FINE STOCK OF DRUGGISTS' FANCY 600 8, Perfumeries, Soaps and Preparation for Dyeing, Preserving and Drasing the Hair, Tooth, Nail and Hair Brushes, Dressing and Fine Combsing rest variety. Especially call attention to their supply of Paints, Oils, Window Glass, Dyes, Varnishes, Colors, and everything in that line, which we we will sell as

cheap as they can be bought. THEIR STOCK OF SCHOOL BOOKS, STATIONERY, &C. is complete. Any book that is wanted will be furnished in three days notice, if to be had in the cities. Also are agents for the sale of Bibles for the Virginia Bible Society, at their rates

(15- Physicians' Prescriptions compounded with

neatness and despatch, at all hours. September 24, 1867. GREAT ATTRACTION AT MYERS-TOWN!

NEW AND CHEAP GOODS! THE undersigned takes pleasure in calling the NEW FALL AND WINTER GOODS, justopened at Mycratown, Jefferson cot aty, con-sisting of everything usually found in a Re ail Store. The stock is complete. Seasonable FOREIGN & DOMESTIC DRY GOODS—every article necessary for a lady's toilette, intest styles and of excel-lent quality. GROCERIES. Ha-dware, Queens-ware, &c.. &c., at reduced prices. The whole stock is new and attractive, and I invite an examination. Purchasers cannot do better by going else where. A. R. BOTELER, Ja.

FRESH MEAT! FRESH MEAT! THE subscriber has completed his arrangements for BUTCHERING in all its varieties, and will be able to supply the citizens of Charlestown and neighborhood, at all

BEEF, MUTTON, LAMB, VEAL & PORK

times, with the best of PRESH MEATS.

October 22, 1867.

IN SEASON. He will take especial care in the purchase of his favorable terms possible. THOMAS H. TRAF STOCK, and furnish it to customers on the most Charlestown, July 9, 1867-tf. CO-PARTNERSHIP.

THE undersigned have entered into a Co. I st-nership under the firm of STARRY & LO. E., for the purpose of conducting the Produce Com-mission and Porwarding Business at the Charles-Jan. 15, 1867. JNO. J. LOCK

To the Farmers, Millers and Others IN THE COUNTIES OF JEFFERSON & CLARKE. TAVING associated ourselves in business for the HAVING associated durselved we will perform purposes of the above Card, we will perform the highest market prices in Cash, or will reside and forward on Commission, making sales as

turns in the abortest time. Charlestown Depot; Jan, 15, 1867. OLD DEBTS. DESIRE very much to settle up my old business.

I have a large amount due me, and will be matified if those indebted will come forward and settle